

THE BOURBON NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY IN THE YEAR.

VOLUME XXXVII

PARIS, BOURBON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1918

OFFICERS WHO WILL CONDUCT AUGUST ELECTION.

The following is a complete list of the officers who will conduct the primary election to be held in this county in August, to select candidate for United States Senator and other offices:

Paris No. 1—Newt. Mitchell, D., clerk; Frank Clay, R., judge; Douglas Thomas, D., judge; Wm. Goodloe, R., sheriff.

Paris No. 2—Swift Champ, D., clerk; E. H. Owings, R., judge; E. F. Cantrill, D., judge; E. H. Gorey, R., sheriff.

Paris No. 3—John Chism, D., sheriff; Geo. Stuart, R., judge; Geo. Rose, R., judge; Percy Smith, D., clerk.

Paris No. 4—A. J. Fee, R., clerk; H. T. Ingram, R., judge; H. Clay Hutchcraft, D., judge; J. Harvey Hibler, D., sheriff.

Paris No. 5—John T. Hedges, D., judge; Newt. Smith, D., clerk; H. D. Collins, R., sheriff; Carl Williams, R., judge.

Paris No. 6—Harry Mitchell, D., judge; J. Will Thomas, D., clerk; J. Hooker Stivers, R., judge; Wyatt Thompson, R., sheriff.

Millersburg No. 1—John Leer, D., judge; T. W. Current, D., clerk; J. S. Shoptaugh, R., sheriff; Jas. Cleaver, R., judge.

Millersburg No. 2—Dan Clark, D., judge; Geo. R. Stoker, D., sheriff; John Hunter, R., judge; D. M. Hurst, R., clerk.

Flat Rock No. 1—Ike Crouch, D., judge; R. P. Hopkins, D., judge; J. C. Blount, R., sheriff; Ed. Thomason, R., clerk.

Flat Rock No. 2—John W. Brophy, D., sheriff; Walter Kenney, D., sheriff; Davis Patrick, R., judge; J. M. Murphy, R., judge.

North Middletown No. 2—Ben Woodford, Jr., D., clerk; C. C. Hadden, D., judge; W. R. Tuttle, R., sheriff; Ora Wagoner, R., judge.

Clintonville No. 1—Robert Terrill, D., judge; Will Stipp, D., judge; S. L. Weathers, R., clerk; T. H. Clay, Jr., sheriff.

Clintonville No. 2—James Elliott, D., judge; Geo. Jones, R., clerk; James Ingels, D., sheriff; Grant Pepper, R., judge.

Hutchinson No. 1—Wm. Meteer, D., judge; Geo. Link, D., sheriff; H. S.

STOLEN AUTOMOBILE TURNED OVER AND BADLY DAMAGED

An automobile belonging to S. S. and A. H. Oldson, of North Middletown, which was stolen on Upper street, in Lexington, early Saturday night, was found Sunday morning turned over and badly damaged on the Georgetown pike, about two miles from Lexington. The occupant of the car evidently escaped unhurt. The automobile, which had run into a fence, was found by Mr. E. H. Doak, of Lexington. The machine was towed to a garage and the owners notified by telephone of its location and condition. The damaged machine was repaired, and was taken back as far as Paris yesterday, where the owners came for it.

HEAD-ON COLLISION ON LEXINGTON & EASTERN.

All Lexington and Louisville trains have been delayed for two or three days due to a head-on collision between two long coal trains on the Eastern Kentucky division of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, the Lexington & Eastern railroad, near Typo, in Perry county. The damage was heavy, but there was no loss of life. Transfers of passengers, express and mail was necessary. This was the first head-on collision in the history of the road.

Ritchie, R., judge; W. K. Dudley, R., clerk.

Hutchinson No. 2—Wm. Ardery, D., clerk; John Wright, D., judge; J. H. McGinnis, R., judge; Lawrence Horton, R., sheriff.

Centerville No. 1—D. C. Lisle, D., clerk; Jos. Leach, D., judge; D. Hume, R., judge; Lawrence Horton, R., sheriff.

Centerville No. 2—Jos. Ewalt, D., clerk; John Clay, D., judge; Ewalt Haley, R., judge; Chas. Kuster, R., sheriff.

Ruddies Mills No. 1—Jas. Fisher, D., clerk; Doc Padgett, D., judge; Q. Mahaney, R., sheriff; Henry Paynter, R., judge.

Ruddies Mills No. 2—Courtland Leer, D., judge; Steele Marsh, D., clerk; H. M. Wagoner, R., judge; Lindsay Hough, R., sheriff.

IN THE SERVICE OF THEIR COUNTRY.

Mr. Carl Lenox, who is stationed at Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., as a member of the U. S. army in the service of Uncle Sam, has been granted a furlough of ten days. Mr. Lenox came to Paris, Saturday for a visit to his father, Mr. Jos. Lenox, who is ill.

Postcards have been received from Flournoy Hagan, Samuel Dick, Marion Thomas and Herbert Shedd, all of the North Middletown vicinity, announcing their safe arrival at a French port. The latter three are with the Dr. Barrow Base Hospital Unit No. 40, as enlisted men. Hagan is in the infantry branch of the service.

Mr. Charles McCarthy, lately of Paris, now in Uncle Sam's service at Camp Zachary Taylor, was a guest of Paris relatives several days last week. Mr. McCarthy, before joining the Bourbon county contingent, was employed in the office of E. F. Spears & Sons. He is a son of Mrs. P. I. McCarthy, of Lexington, and a nephew of Misses Mary and Julia McCarthy, of Paris.

If you have interesting news of your soldier or sailor friend, relative or sweetheart, tell THE NEWS man of call 124 either phone. The "In the Service" column is proving one of the most interesting departments of the paper. Help THE NEWS to get news of the boys so that the boys in camp may know what is going on. Your assistance will be greatly appreciated.

"In again, out again, in again," seems to be the fate of Mr. Forrest Fightmaster, of North Middletown. Mr. Fightmaster was ordered to report at the Great Lakes Naval Station on July 19. He was later notified not to come, owing to crowded conditions at the camp. Saturday he received orders to report at once at the Louisville recruiting office, from where he was transferred to the Great Lakes Camp.

J. W. Waller, of Paris, has received a commission as Second Lieutenant in the Twenty-second Division, United States Engineers' Corps. Lieutenant Waller is a brother of Mrs. W. A. Clark, who resides at the Hotel Anderson, in Cincinnati. For the past several years Lieutenant Waller has been in the engineering division of the Interstate Commerce Commission, with headquarters at Chattanooga, Tenn. Although this government work was sufficient for claims for exemption from military service, he made application for a commission upon the announcement that Uncle Sam was in need of capable engineers, asking for immediate overseas service. He left for Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Monday, where he will undergo a short training period, after which he expects sailing orders.

After an absence from Paris of several years, the last two years of which no tidings were received from him as to his location, Mr. John R. Lytle, son of Mr. and Mrs. Omar G. Lytle, of Paris, has been located. Mr. Lytle, after leaving Paris became a disciple of the "wanderlust," and held important clerical positions with large concerns in different parts of the country.

A few days ago Mrs. Lytle received a letter from her son, written from Camp Custer, near Battle Creek, Mich., in which he detailed most of his wanderings, winding up with his coming to Detroit, Mich., where he had been over a year. Mr. Lytle said in his letter, in part:

"I have been in Detroit since Jan. 1, 1918, taking employment first with the Maxwell Motor Co., then the Solnay Precess Co., the H. G. Christman Co., and lastly with the American Car & Foundry Co. At this last place I worked at piece work for five weeks, making big shells, and made from \$10 to \$12 each night. Detroit is the best city in America for a working man. Girls make as high as \$20 a week, and men with good trade command the highest salaries. Also, living conditions are better than in other cities, as the houses are not so cramped together. Living is high, but the good wages paid offset that. Would like to have remained with the Car & Foundry Co., but was drafted on July 22, and am now at Camp Custer, near Battle Creek, Mich., which is about 100 miles from Detroit. Have been here but two days, so haven't seen much of the camp. We will have to remain in quarantine in the detention camp for two weeks. What I have seen isn't at all bad. The food is good and plentiful. A fission just left here two days ago, and our bunch is the nucleus of another division. I will positively be home on the first extended leave I can get. Would like to get the Paris papers. Have any of the Paris boys gone to France yet, and have any of my old-time friends

(Continued on Page 3.)

TWENTY-SIX DRAFTEES EN-TRAIN FOR CAMP TAYLOR.

With the usual accompaniments to such proceedings twenty-six colored men of the city and county, selected for army service in the call to colors under the draftee act, left Paris yesterday morning at 7:45 for Camp Zachary Taylor, near Louisville. There they will be inducted into the service of the United States in various branches.

The men assembled at the court house in this city Sunday afternoon, at five o'clock, and were given their final instructions by the Bourbon County Board of Exemption. On Sunday night they were the guests of citizens of Paris at a patriotic supper given in their honor at the colored M. E. Church, on High street. Refreshments of an appetizing kind were served, followed by a number of patriotic addresses by speakers and a musical program. Yesterday morning the men reassembled in front of the court house, and headed by the Liberty Drum and Bugle Corps, and accompanied by members of the Board of Exemption, marched up Main street to the Tenth street passenger station of the Louisville & Nashville, where they entrained for Camp Zachary Taylor.

It has been a subject of favorable comment that the color line has never been drawn here in honoring those who are going into the service of their country. The colored boys who have given up their different occupations to respond to the call to the colors were given just as enthusiastic a send-off as any of the other contingents that have preceded them, attesting the appreciation our people are giving them of the sacrifices made for their country.

Those who left yesterday for Camp Zachary Taylor were:

32 (486) Benjamin H. McAfee.
57 (1282) Thos. Henry McCoy.
234 (856) Garrett Evans.
349 (441) Clarence Ayres.
420 (436) Estill Willis.
516 (422) Stanley Asbury.
599 (920) Essie Stephenson.
622 (342) Ivan Bradley.
743 (445) Henry Barnes.
788 (602) Mitchell Allen.
803 (1429) John Thomas.
873 (1262) Ernest William Johnson.
844 (248) James H. Thomas.
923 (469) Frank Hinkston.
936 (1449) John Beckham.
1005 (1115) Ed Washington.
1050 (1111) Charlie Stonestreet.
1095 (554) Pruitt Jackson.
1116 (476) Lewis Johnson.
1156 (210) Chester Hall.
1263 (377) Robert Owen Harris.
1286 (474) Alonzo Jackson.
1296 (137) Edward Oliver.
1501 (2) Humes Burdette.
231 (383) William Henry Johnson.
501 (633) John Morgan.

HAIL INSURANCE.
Hail insurance on tobacco and small grain.
McCLURE & DONALDSON.
(June 4-tf)

NATURE OUTDOES FICTION IN VEGETABLE GROWTH.

Truth is stranger than fiction, and always more convincing. Freaks of all kinds, in the human race, the vegetable and animal world, continue to hold their places as convincing proof of the old adage.

One of the most remarkable freaks in the way of a hybrid plant was recently shown to a NEWS man by Mr. J. E. Taylor, engineer at the seed cleaning plant of E. F. Spears & Sons, near the Third street freight station of the L. & N.

Some time ago Mr. Taylor's attention was attracted to a peculiar looking plant growing from a pile of refuse on the "dump" at the seed plant. On this "dump" all the refuse from the seed that has been cleaned is thrown. The plant bore signs of budding flowers of some kind, and Mr. Taylor watched its growth with mingled curiosity and interest. The plant grew and grew overnight like Jack's beanstalk, until one morning a few days ago a remarkable sight greeted Mr. Taylor when he paid a visit of inspection to the place. On one side of the heavy stalk there was a number of fully developed old-fashioned hollyhocks, such as grandmothers used to raise in their back yards. On the other side was a large number of what appeared to be chestnut burrs, having a growth of spiny, needle-like stickers exactly resembling the mountain product. The top of the plant had bloomed out in large white and cream colored flowers, of an unknown species.

Mr. Taylor called several local botanists, but none of them could account for the strange growth or give it a name. They readily recognized the hollyhocks, but the other growths were outside their understanding. The supposition is that the plant is the result of a combination of seeds gathered by the strippers when stripping the blue grass seed from the fields in which they had lain. When thrown out with the rest of the chaff by a mere chance the seeds were combined, giving forth the remarkable freak growth which Mr. Taylor now cherishes.

WIND, HAIL, RAIN AND LIGHTNING HOLD REVELS.

Tobacco, corn and other growing crops were blown down, and large quantities of fencing and other property in the county was considerably damaged by a storm of rain and wind, accompanied by lightning and hail which swept over a portion of the county late Friday afternoon. Slight damage was also done to the crops of the county late Friday afternoon. Slight damage was also done to the crops in other parts of the county, but the storm seemed to have veered toward North Middletown, and to have wreaked the greatest destruction in that neighborhood.

The storm was especially severe in the vicinity of the Xalapa Farm, the beautiful country estate of Mr. Edward Simms, on the North Middletown pike, between Paris and North Middletown. A large number of shade trees were uprooted by the force of the wind. A large tobacco barn under construction on the Simms place was lifted from its foundation and moved a distance of ten feet by the windstorm. In many places the water stood half-way up the young tobacco and corn plants, and branches became creeks, while creeks were swollen almost to the proportions of rivers in places. The hail cut the tobacco to scraps in several fields. The storm was not felt in Paris, where there was only a slight rainfall, with no evidence of wind.

CUT FLOWERS.

We have secured the agency of Honaker, the florist, of Lexington. Place your order for cut flowers with us for funerals, weddings, parties and for any other occasion where cut flowers are used.

(2 July-tf) **BRUCE HOLLADAY.**

MERCHANTS ORDERED TO MAKE BUT ONE DAILY DELIVERY

Mr. E. E. Landis, local manager of the Merchants' Delivery Service, is in receipt of an order from the United States Government authorities, directing him to notify merchants that they must make but one daily delivery of goods in the future. One delivery will be made each day, and no merchant will be permitted to traverse the same route twice.

This is being done to further the plans of the Government in conservation of gasoline and labor. While this order may cause considerable inconvenience to customers, it is a Government order, and in these war times, what the Government orders is generally for the best interests of all and must be obeyed.

GREAT LAKES NAVAL BAND PLEASES LARGE CROWD

The Dixie Detachment of the Great Lakes Naval Band, under the leadership of Bandmaster S. M. Smith, paid Paris a welcome visit Friday afternoon and evening and received a right royal welcome. The appearance of the band here was the occasion for an outburst of genuine patriotic enthusiasm.

The band came to Paris on an interurban car from Lexington at 3:20 o'clock Friday afternoon and was met at the interurban station at Fifth and High Streets by a reception committee. Forming in parade formation the thirty-eight members of the band, preceded by the reception committee and a color guard, paraded Main street to Tenth returning over the same route to the court house, where they disbanded. The band was entertained at supper at the Crosdale Hotel.

In the evening, beginning at eight o'clock the band gave a concert lasting two hours, in front of the court house. During an intermission Petty Officer Turner, of the Louisville recruiting station, made an address in the interest of enlisting young men for service in the navy. The band rendered a delightful and pleasing musical program, which was enthusiastically applauded by the large audience.

The crowd that gathered to hear the concert filled every available foot of space in the vicinity. Hundreds of automobiles were parked around the court house, and along Main street, from which vantage points their occupants added the noisy encore of their auto horns to the applause that greeted each number on the program. The band returned to Lexington on a special interurban car at the conclusion of the program.

If the efforts of Lexington business men are successful the band will return to this vicinity in a further campaign for enlistments. The Lexington people are in communication with the naval authorities in an endeavor to have the band's furlough extended thirty days in the State. There was no response here to the appeal for enlistments, and it is thought that another visit of the Naval Band may be the means of inducing wavering ones to come to the call of the colors in the naval service.

HAIL INSURANCE.
Insure your tobacco against hail. I represent reliable, prompt paying companies.
ROXIE DAVIS.
(June 4-tf)

FRANK & CO.

LADIES' OUTFITTERS

CLEARANCE SALE

Remnants

OF ALL KINDS

Great Reductions

on

Suits, Coats, Waists

FRANK & CO.

WE KNOW NOW

Palm Beach and Kool Kloth Suits

For Summer Wear, the Real, Genuine Palm Beach Cloth

The kind that is cool and serviceable and comfortable, not the cotton shoddy kind that draws up and wears out before the season is over. We sell only one kind, and that is the best. All colors, solid and fancy mixtures.

\$13.50 to \$20.00

Kool Kloth

A light summer cloth with a little more weight than Palm Beach garments, but very serviceable and comfortable.

\$12.50 to \$25.00

Manhattan and Wilson Bros'. Silk Shirts, \$5.00 to \$10.00

Many fancy and stylish patterns, solid colors and fancy stripes.

Straw Hats and Panamas

MITCHELL & BLAKEMORE

Nettleton Shoes

Dr. Reed's Cushion Sole Shoes

THE BOURBON NEWS

Established 1881—36 Years of Continuous Publication

Published Every Tuesday and Friday
Per Year...\$2.00—6 Months...\$1.00
Payable in Advance.

SWIFT CHAMP, Editor and Owner.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of THE BOURBON NEWS will be gladly corrected if brought to attention of the editor.

ADVERTISING RATES

Display Advertisements, \$1.00 per inch for first time; 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion.
Reading Notices, 10 cents per line each issue, reading notices in black type, 20 cents per line, each issue.
Cards of thanks, calls on candidates, obituaries and resolutions, and similar matter, 10 cents per line.
Special rates for large advertisements and yearly contracts.
The right of publisher is reserved to decline any advertisement or other matter for publication.
Announcements for political offices must invariably be accompanied by the cash.



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.....

EDITORIAL MUSINGS.

Why Have "Final Tests?"

In many American cities they have abolished the plan of holding examinations at the end of each school term to determine whether the children are to be promoted to higher grades. There the children are judged on records kept during the entire term and are promoted or not according to what they did the first to the last.

This modern educational method robs childhood of all its "examination horrors," and at the same time teaches youngsters that they are not graded on what they may happen to have on the tip of their tongues on some particular day, but on their day-to-day work, just as they will be rewarded in later years for their week-in and week-out achievements.

However, in many schools the torture system of term end examinations still prevails. Children are prodded into reviews and their young minds are overtaxed for a few days and often far into the nights to "pass the examination."

This schoolroom nightmare has harmed the bodies and minds of many children.

Think of a shop foreman who based his judgment of his workmen's ability and effort upon periodic examination rather than daily and hourly observance! Yet that is what the examination system asks of a teacher.

"The Yanks Are Coming!"

The Strassburger Post says the German public had attached too great hopes to the German offensive at Rheims, and asks: "From where do these troops come which the American transports have really brought more quickly than they were expected?"

Now that the Post is convinced that the million American soldiers in France are a reality, it might find out "from where these troops come" if it could get hold of some of the spy reports that have been reaching Berlin. But if the Post wants more definite information, it might put its editorial finger on just any point on the map of the United States and it will touch the spot. For there is not a State, nor a county nor precinct in these broad United States that is not now represented in the great American Army in France.

And if the Strassburg editor wants to see just what these American soldiers look like, he need only take a little trip into the western part of Germany next spring and he will see more Americans than he ever dreamed would tread German soil.

A Call To Duty.

From the battle fields in France there comes an unspoken call that should find an answer in every American's heart. The recent great events in Europe, the successes of American arms on the fields of France should spur every American to greater effort.

Our people at home should not rest on the laurels of our soldiers in France. Every death on the field of

honor in the line of duty and for our country's cause should be a call to us for every sacrifice and every exertion to aid the cause for which our soldiers are fighting, for which our soldiers have died.

Increase production, decrease consumption, save, and lend to the Government. Every cent lent to the United States is used to support, strengthen, and aid our soldiers in France.

Now Comes The Tug of War.

Insolently stalking through a worn and war-torn Europe, the haughty war-lord, "partner of God," Wilhelm, the Butcher, despised of men except the poor deluded fools of his own country, meets his match when American labor grasps the rope in the tug-of-war game. A firm pull, and a strong pull will bring him to his knees, and leave him groveling in the dust.

It means freedom for the world, with opportunity for every man to go his way unhindered and unafraid. We have the men for a mightier army than the Prussian. We have the raw materials to bury his empire and all his hated and loathed militarism in a cauldron of molten steel. But we need the co-operation of every American worker to make our men and materials effective—in agriculture, in manufacture, in transportation—and we need it now.

You can best hold up your end in this gigantic tug-of-war by sticking to your job and doing the best you can for your country and those dependent upon you, unless Uncle Sam asks you to change, by working hard, by saving your money.

All together, then, Americans, with a strong and lusty pull, for victory and peace will be your certain reward.

The Need and Our Opportunity.

"The womenfolk of France show plainly the pinch of hunger," writes a Wichita Falls (Tex.) soldier recently arrived in France. He also writes that the scraps from his camp go to feed the Belgians.

Food valued at \$1,400,000,000 was shipped from the United States to the allied countries during the last fiscal year, Food Administrator Hoover writes in a report to President Wilson. Included in these shipments were 3,011,100,000 pounds of meats and fats, and 340,800,000 bushels of cereals representing increases of 844,600,000 pounds of meats and fats and 80,900,000 bushels of cereals over the previous year.

These items are reproduced in this column in order to show, first, the great need of our allies, and, second, that our conservation and efforts for increased production are bringing splendid results. With the needs of our allies ever before us and with the knowledge that our efforts are producing certain and splendid results every American ought to be encouraged to conserve to the utmost and to expend their best efforts to increase production.

American farms are big enough and American lands are rich enough, the spirit of sacrifice is deep enough and the energy and resourcefulness of our farmers is great enough to furnish plenty for every hungry woman and child in France and Belgium.

"THE AMERICAN CREED"

"I believe in the United States of America as a Government of the people, by the people, for the people; whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a democracy in a republic; a sovereign nation of many sovereign States; a perfect union, one and inseparable; established upon those principles of freedom, equality, justice and humanity for which American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes. I, therefore, believe it is my duty to my country to love it; to support its Constitution; to obey its laws; to respect its flag and to defend it against all enemies."

DOG OWNERS MAY ESCAPE 1917 TAX.

Owners of dogs may escape paying the dog tax for 1917. In re-enacting the dog tax law, the last session of the General Assembly repealed the old dog tax law. At the present time the Sheriffs are collecting the dog tax for 1917 at \$1 a head. Funds accruing from this source are turned over to the State Auditor to pay sheep claims. If any part of the fund is left it goes to the school fund.

Attorney General Morris has been asked for an opinion as to whether the repealing of the old dog tax law makes the assessment for 1917 void. He has the question under consideration. Under the new law the funds arising from the dog tax law goes to the county in which the fund is raised.

AIR RAIDERS FEAR THE SEARCHLIGHT

Allies Find Powerful and Far-Reaching Illumination an Important Factor.

USEFUL IN SPOTTING TANKS

Pick Up Hun Bombing Planes at a Distance and Keep Them Constantly in View—Equipped With Sound Detectors.

New York.—Last fall, when the Austrians were driving the Italian soldiers from their hard-won mountain fortresses, the defeated army had one weapon which it constantly used to harass and impede the foe. This was the electric searchlight, a newcomer on the field of battle.

Powerful lights were trained every night upon the advancing Austrians whenever they came to a river crossing or whenever they were obliged to halt for another reason. This hampered and irritated the enemy exceedingly. It was not only that serious danger attended any disclosure of their operations. They suffered also from nerves when the long feelers of light brushed over their faces and hands and revealed every detail of the work upon which they were engaged.

The use of searchlights by our own expeditionary forces is becoming an important branch of the engineering service. Not long ago congress voted an appropriation of \$1,000,000 for searchlights of both the field type and the anti-aircraft type. The lights commonly used are 36-inch lights, having a candlepower of 1,000,000,000, and a maximum range of approximately 10,000 yards, or nearly six miles.

First Use in Warfare.

When searchlights were first introduced in warfare it was expected that they would be primarily serviceable in battlefield illumination. The scheme was to throw light upon the opposing battle line and show advancing companies of infantry the kind of ground over which they had to go. Another plan was to have rows of searchlights parallel with the trenches and sweep the terrain before them, lighting up the barbed-wire entanglements laid by the foe and exposing parties of enemy soldiers at work repairing them. However, neither of these uses turned out to be especially significant. The difficulty was that, as soon as the lights were in operation, they were easily picked off by the enemy's guns. In the same manner, they could not be placed along the line of trenches.

More recent experiments have demonstrated that there is a real usefulness for field searchlights. They are now being employed to spot the enemy's tank advances. Instead of being hauled by horses, like the first field searchlights, the newer ones are mounted on motor trucks. They are flashed for only a minute or two at a time, and are instantly shifted to another vantage point. This affords them a greater measure of self-protection.

The anti-aircraft searchlight is the most valuable type of light now used by our soldiers. It is our most effective defense against the low-flying night-bombing plane of the Germans. Anti-aircraft guns have proved almost hopelessly inadequate in coping with night air raids, and if it were not for the long pointing fingers of the searchlight the foe would be able to effect some very deadly work in night attacks upon supply depots and ammunition dumps.

The method is to pick up a hostile bombing plane when it is about five miles away from its objective. For this purpose the searchlights are located at points likely to be attacked. They are sunk in holes in the ground and are heavily sandbagged. Both the light and the men working it are given considerable protection.

Fitted With Sound Receivers.

To detect the approach of airplanes the searchlight apparatus is furnished with sound receivers. Without these receivers the outfit is practically useless. The receiver can be swung around to catch the sound vibrations, and they are remarkably accurate in discovering the position of the plane. Usually it can be located within a few degrees. The light is not turned on at all until the airplane is practically located. Then it is suddenly flashed on the craft. Once a bombing plane is found it is hard for it to get away from the inexorable pencil of light. Bombing planes are not like battle planes; they must fly in comparatively straight lines and are not free to twist and turn so as to wriggle out of range of the light.

The first thing an aviator does when he finds himself in the spotlight is to rise. That is just what the operator of the searchlight wants him to do. The higher he goes the less accurate his aim becomes and the smaller grows the chance that he can hurt his bombs at a desired point. Furthermore, he is dazzled by the light and his sense of security is completely destroyed. Sometimes he can be found out by one of our own airplanes. Even if the searchlight crew does nothing more than to frighten an aviator and drive him away it has performed a defensive act which may save quantities of stores and ammunition, to say nothing of lives.

MILLERSBURG

—Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Jefferson are guests at Crab Orchard Springs.

—Miss Elsie Booth, of Carlisle, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. M. C. Grimes.

—Dr. W. G. Dailey was in Cincinnati professionally Saturday and Sunday.

—Mrs. Louise Wood left Saturday for a visit to her cousin, Mrs. R. K. Hart, at Flemingsburg.

—Mrs. D. Nunneley, of Georgetown, is the guest of her nephew, Mr. S. M. Allen, and family.

—Mr. Raymond Booth, of the U. S. navy, stationed in Rhode Island, is at home on a short furlough.

—Dr. H. Clay Burroughs has gone to Springfield, Mass., to visit his daughter, Mrs. James Spencer.

—Mrs. James Price and children, of Escondido, were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Clarke, Friday.

—Miss Martha Thomas Bowles has returned after a three-weeks' visit to relatives at Cincinnati and Cincinnati.

—Miss Nannie Bowden has returned to her home in Winchester, after a visit to friends and relatives in this city.

—Mr. George Wadell, of Louisville, was the guest of his brother, Mr. W. D. Wadell, and family a few days last week.

—Mrs. Alice Sutherland returned to her home at Winchester, Friday, after a several days' visit to Mrs. W. M. Miller.

—Mrs. Charles Friend and children, of Lexington, have arrived for a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Carpenter.

—Mrs. Mattie B. Hawes and brother, Mr. W. E. Butler, were guests of Mr. James McClure and family, at Paris, from Friday until Monday.

—Miss Mildred W. Bruce returned Friday from the Eastern Kentucky State Normal Institute, at Richmond, where she has been taking a special course.

—Mrs. J. F. McDaniel and daughter, Miss Georgia McDaniel, returned Friday after a few days' visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McDaniel, Jr., and family, at Cincinnati.

—D. J. D. Calhoun, of this city, has a pumpkin in a perfect state of preservation which was gathered from a vine last fall. The pumpkin is firm and solid, showing no blemish or decay, and is as smooth as when first matured.

—Rev. White, of North Carolina, entered on his duties as pastor of the Baptist church here Sunday, and conducted union services at the Christian church Sunday evening. All who heard him were very much pleased with him.

—The outlook for the M. M. I. and M. C. for the coming year are very promising. More than fifty cadets have signed up at the M. M. I., and before the school opens Col. Best can have more than he can accommodate. Dr. Fisher says the outlook for the M. C. is far better than last year, and quite a large number of girls have spoken for reservations.

—Mr. and Mrs. K. R. Vaught and Mrs. A. M. Vaught will leave for their home at Indianapolis, Ind., today, accompanied by their mother and aunt, Mrs. T. D. Judy, and Miss Mary H. Taylor, who will remain with them for a few days. From thence Mrs. Judy and Miss Taylor will go for a three-weeks' visit to their brother, Mr. Richard Taylor and family, at St. Joseph, Mo.

YOU ARE DOING IT.

Every time you read, you purchasers of Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps, of what the United States is doing in France in building wharves and railroads, or deluging the Germans with gas or shelling them out of position with big guns or shrapnel, or of the great work of our army and our navy, or of the building of ships here, or of any or all of the great or small achievements of America, here or abroad or on the seas, you buyers of Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps truthfully can say, "I had a hand in this;" "I contributed to this;" "I am helping do this;" "It is part of my work."

FURTHER RESTRICTIONS DRAWN ON USE OF SUGAR.

Beginning August 1 restrictions on the consumption of sugar will be further drawn, according to orders issued by the Food Administration. Instead of three pounds per capita a month, the monthly ration has been reduced to two pounds. In the statement it was pointed out that production had fallen off and that the demand had increased. For householders, the rationing is voluntary. In the case of hotels and restaurants it will be enforced.

Encouraging Fact.

I know of no more encouraging fact than the unquestionable ability of man to elevate his life by a conscious endeavor. It is something to be able to paint a particular picture or to carve a statue, and so to make a few objects beautiful, but it is far more glorious to carve and paint the very atmosphere and medium through which we look, which morally we can do.—Thoreau.

The Kaiser must almost now regret that he ever made peace with Russia.

FIELDS THAT FIGHT FOR FREEDOM.

A field that fights for freedom is one in which every art of the farmer has been used to make it yield a maximum amount of food.

A wheat field that fights for freedom will be one which has received careful preparation, is supplied with a plentiful amount of phosphorus and has been sown with the best seed wheat available. Stubble fields that are to be sown to wheat this fall should be thoroughly disced before plowing and should be plowed before August 10th, as wheat will not produce a maximum yield unless the ground is firm and compact.

After the stubble field has been plowed it should be dragged down properly to level and pulverized so as to conserve the moisture. It should then be disc-harrowed, then rolled and finely harrowed. The better the preparation the greater the yield and every field must do its best.

Soy-bean and cow-peas fields must be thoroughly finished by dragging and rolling or the yield will be disappointing. Every field that grows tobacco this summer should be sown to wheat this fall, as wheat does well following tobacco. A tobacco field that is not sown to wheat will be a slacker field.

Only the best seed wheat should be sown and the rate of seeding should be from 1½ to 2 bushels per acre. The Kentucky Experiment Station has proven that the best variety is the Jersey Fultz. Wheat should not be sown too deep. The right depth is from 1 to 1½ inches.

All seed wheat should be treated with blue-stone or formalin to prevent smut, because the wheat field that fights for freedom will harbor no smut.

The field that needs phosphorus, and this means every field in Kentucky except the richest in the Blue Grass region and some river bottom beds, will be given an application of from 200 to 400 pounds of Acid Phosphate, Steamed Bone Meal or Basic Slag and the patriotic farmer will order his fertilizer early. Wheat drills should be put in first condition before sowing time and the seeding should be carefully done to prevent skips. Wheat seeding should start September 23rd in Northern Kentucky; October 1st in Central Kentucky and October 10th in Southern Kentucky. Sown earlier than this, wheat is liable to be infested with Hessian fly.

A field that fights for freedom will be plowed with the utmost care in the full realization that every inch of soil will be called upon to fight for a righteous cause. No clouds will be permitted in that field, for clouds are allies of the Kaiser, but the field will be pulverized and compacted to a firm, smooth seed-bed. The seed wheat will be treated with formalin or blue stone to exterminate smut, a plentiful supply of phosphate fertilizer will be added to the soil, the wheat drill will be in perfect condition and operated with care so that there will be an even flow of wheat and no skipped places, and, when the labor in that field is completed the farmer will consign it to his Maker's care to be kissed by the gentle sunshine and watered by the life-giving rain and will go on his way rejoicing that he has dedicated to his country's cause a field that will fight for freedom.

ARMY AND COUNTRY NEED STUDENT NURSES.

The United States must have 25,000 student nurses now—student nurses for work at the front. On July 29, the Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense, will begin a campaign to recruit young women for training schools in both army and civilian hospitals. These 25,000 student nurses will form the United States Student Nurse Reserve. Kentucky's quota is 750, and the campaign is in the hands of Mrs. Helm Bruce, State Chairman of the Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense. Miss Pauline May will have charge of the local campaign, plans for which will be announced later.

Unless there are more student nurses graduate nurses cannot be sent to Europe and wounded men will suffer. Graduate nurses can be released only by recruiting new student nurses. Graduate nurses can only be supplied by filling training schools connected with the hospitals. An adequate supply of nurses is essential for carrying on the war and yet the demand for women in other branches of war service has depleted the number of students taking training for nursing until they are below that of normal times.

What is needed is the enrollment of 25,000 physically fit young women between the ages of 19 and 35, having full high school training wherever possible and preferably college training. The Government wants young women of education, character, good health and good sense.

For Rent.

Modern cottage of six rooms; bath; gas; electric lights; garage; next to Twelfth and High streets.
DR. F. P. CAMPBELL,
Paris, Ky.

Cumberland Phone 142.
(28-1f)

For Sale or Rent.

One 16-horse-power Garr-Scott engine, in good condition. Call on or address,

MRS. JACK WOODS,
206 West Eighth St., Paris, Ky.
(18-1f) Home Phone 397.

For Immediate Sale

My three frame cottages located on Pleasant street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. These houses contain four rooms, hall, pantry, front and back porches, gas and electric lights. City water at door. Good cistern with each house.

MRS. E. C. KELLER,
(26-5t) 1102 Main Street.

Women Attendants Wanted.

Wanted, women attendants. Experience not necessary, but preferred. Apply at or address, The Cincinnati Sanitarium, College Hill Station, Cincinnati, Ohio. (8-4wks)

IRON

We pay highest prices for iron junk, hides and wool.

MUNICH & WIDES & CO.,
Eighth St., Paris, Ky.,
Cumb. Phone 374.

(23-1f)

FINAL NOTICE!

Those who have not complied with the law as to the cleaning of vaults, privies and cess pools are now notified that for the next 10 days they may secure the services of Ben Hawkins, who has returned to Paris for the above specified time and may be found at the residence of Charles Bishop, colored, on Seventh street, Cumb. phone 515.

This notice is important and those who have not obeyed the orders of the Health Board will be proceeded against according to law.

A. H. KELLER,
City Health Officer
By order City Board of Health.
(19-4t)

Opening Notice!

We are now ready to receive patients and customers in our new and commodious office on the second floor of First National Bank building, formerly occupied by Dr. Stern. We have, I believe, the best equipped and most up-to-date optical office in Central Kentucky, and aim, as heretofore, to do a strictly high grade business, nothing else. Service and quality is the two words that has marked our success. Our work does give satisfaction, as is attested by hundreds of eye glass wearers. Ask your friends, and then come and see us. You incur no obligation by calling on us.

Dr. Wm. Riley Franklin

Suite 205-6 First National Bank,
Both Phones, Paris, Ky.

Public Sale

—OF—
Furniture, Carpets, Etc.

The Paris Business Men's Club, having been discontinued, they will offer at public sale on

Saturday, Aug. 3, 1918,

at 2 p. m., on the premises, corner of Fifth and Main streets, the following:

- 1 good roll-top office desk and chair;
- 2 leather rockers;
- 1 library table;
- 2 rugs;
- Several pictures;
- 1 leather couch;
- 2 book racks;
- 3 electric fans;
- 1 round table;
- 1 handsome Mahogany sideboard;
- 1 old-fashioned safe and dishes;
- 2 dozen chairs;
- 54 lockers in two sections—strong and well built, locks on same;
- 3 gas stoves;
- Shower connection for bath, hood, spray, etc.;
- Awnings, screens and window shades.

Lots of other things too numerous to mention.
The proceeds from the sale of the above mentioned goods will be donated to the local Chapter of the Red Cross and the Massie Memorial Hospital.

GEO. DOYLE,
Secretary Paris Business Men's Club.
(td)

"HARD SKIN" AND FOOT CALLUSES

Magic! Peel them off without pain or soreness

Don't suffer! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store. Apply a few drops on the toughened calluses or "hard skin" on bottom of feet, then lift those painful spots right off with fingers. Corns also!



When you peel off corns or calluses with Freezone the skin beneath is left pink and healthy and never sore, tender or even irritated. Try Freezone sure!

THE FEDERAL EXPLOSIVE LAW.

The Federal Explosive Act prohibits the manufacture, sale, purchase and possession of all explosives and their ingredients, in time of war, without a license. In other words, the dealer must keep an itemized record showing the name and address of purchaser, his license number, kind and quantity of explosives purchased, and purpose for which it is to be used. This also compels practically every drug store in the United States to have a license permitting them to have in possession and sell explosive ingredients, and the buyer must have a license when purchasing these ingredients in quantities of an ounce or more, and the dealer must keep the same record as the party who sells dynamite. These ingredients are: Bichromates, Chlorates, Chromates, Nitrates, Nitric Acid, Perchlorates, Perborates, Permanganates, Peroxides and Phosphorus, in their various forms.

This law will be rigidly enforced in the future; it having been in effect since November 15, 1917, and every dealer has had time to familiarize himself with the law and all its details, and no excuse will be accepted in the future. Violations of this act carries a penalty of \$5,000 fine or imprisonment in a Federal prison, or both. A careful and systematic check is being made, by Federal authorities of every dealer in the State who handles explosives or ingredients, regardless of location or size. An inspector or some deputy may drop in any day, and dealers should not allow themselves to be caught unprepared.

There is a United States Explosives Licensing Officer in every county, and such dealers as have not already procured their license should take immediate steps to do so. This county is represented in this capacity by Mr. David D. Cline.

This is considered one of the most important war measures enacted by our Congress, and dealers can not be too careful in making sales of explosives or their ingredients.

The Government of Columbia has appropriated a large sum to encourage silk production in that country

MICKIE SAYS

OUR REPORTER SAYS NOT GITS HIS GOAT IS THAT THE FELLER WHO NEVER GIVES HIM ANY NEWS IS ALWAYS HOLLERIN' ABOUT THEY BEIN' NO NEWS IN THE PAPER!



WHEAT WILL WIN THE WAR.

A noted English statesman said recently that if the people of America had failed to save this year that England and France would have been compelled to withdraw from the fight and as a result the Allies would have lost the war. This demonstrates the importance of wheat and teaches us that WHEAT WILL WIN THE WAR.

The Government of the United States realizes that the two most important factors in winning the war are men and food and so is drafting the best manhood of the service in the trenches and is calling on the farmers to produce the maximum amount of food. There is no better way for farmers to answer this call for food than by sowing this fall every acre to wheat that is possible and to sow it with such care that it will yield a bountiful harvest.

The patriotic farmer will give no thought to the price he will receive for his wheat, but will think only of the starving poor of Europe and our boys in the trenches who are fighting our battles and who must be fed.

Our boys are drafted into the army by the Government and the wages they shall receive, which may be the wages of death, are fixed by the Government and the boys do not spend any time figuring whether they can afford to fight our battles for these wages. They know their country has called them and they answer the call without complaint or reservation. Your country is asking you to raise as much wheat as possible and you will not spend any time figuring whether you can afford to grow wheat at the price fixed by the Government. You should realize only that your country has called you and you will do your best for WHEAT WILL WIN THE WAR.

No thought should be given to the possibility of being unable to harvest the wheat next year for the Government will permit no wheat to go to waste, but will find some means of providing laborers for the harvest.

England has sent more than six million men to fight her battle and in spite of this harvest this fall the largest wheat crop in her history. What England has done—America will do.

Every patriotic American citizen salutes his flag when he rises in the morning and says "I will this day do my best to help win the war."

From now until wheat sowing time, the patriotic American farmer will salute his flag when he rises in the morning and will say it firmly, "I will this fall sow all the wheat I can for WHEAT WILL WIN THE WAR."

STATE RACING COMMISSION TO MEET IN AUGUST

While no official statement to that effect has been made, information has reached here from Versailles that Senator Johnson N. Camden, chairman of the Kentucky Racing Commission, is preparing to issue a call for a meeting of the Commission the first part of August to take up the question of fall racing on the Kentucky tracks. It is expected that the meeting will be held in Lexington.

There has been a protest in some quarters against the continuance of racing in Kentucky, some influential gentlemen identified with the industry holding that racing should be discontinued until after the war, but a large majority of breeders and turfmen believe that the continuance of racing, with the rich purses offered, will have a tendency to further develop and encourage the breeding of the better class of horses and in this way help win the war, and that the revenues derived from the race tracks will help swell the Red Cross fund, to which already \$300,000 has been pledged by the Kentucky tracks.

When the arrangements for the raising of its fund by the racing interests of Kentucky for Red Cross purposes were made last spring, it was upon the assumption that there would be the normal amount of racing in the State.

If, as has been suggested in some quarters, fall racing be abandoned in Kentucky, the interesting question arises as to how the deficiency in the fund will be met.

MRS. BURNS' LETTER.

Here is a letter that is certain to prove of interest to people in this vicinity, as cases of this sort occur in almost every neighborhood, and people should know what to do in like circumstances:

Savannah, Mo., Oct. 12, 1918. "I used a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy about nine years ago and it cured me of flux (dysentery). I had another attack of the same complaint some three or four years ago and a few doses of this remedy cured me. I have recommended Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy to dozens of people since I first used it." (adv-july)

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Comings and Goings of Our People Here, There and Elsewhere.

—Mr. Oscar T. Hinton has returned from a business trip to Kansas City, Mo.

—Mr. Frank P. Clay, formerly a resident of this county, is ill at the Jewish Hospital, in Louisville.

—Miss Elizabeth Boyd, of Olympia, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Andrew Hazlerigg, near this city.

—Miss Elizabeth Tarr has returned from a visit to Misses Lena May Jones and Ruth Pinnell, in Winchester.

—Misses Marian and Elizabeth Clay Alexander, of Cincinnati, are guests of relatives in this city and county.

—Miss Lucille Chiple has as guest at her home on South Main street Miss Elizabeth Caywood, of Frankfort.

—Miss Blanche Lilleston has returned to her home in this city after a visit to relatives and friends in Ohio and Illinois.

—Dr. P. H. Uppington, of the Ardery Drug Co., and Circuit Clerk W. H. Webb are at Olympia Springs for a vacation stay.

—Mrs. Eli Evans and daughters have returned to their home in Mountain Grove, Mo., after a visit to relatives in this county.

—Mr. W. A. Thomason and family have returned to their home near North Middletown, after an extended visit at Crab Orchard Springs.

—Mrs. Spencer Johnson and two daughters, Misses Gladys and Carrie Johnson, have returned from a visit to friends and relatives in Dayton, O.

—Mr. F. L. Metzger has returned from Charleston, W. Va., where he has been engaged for several months with a big construction company on a Government contract.

—Mrs. John Barnett, Mrs. Geo. Insko and Miss Della Parker, of this city are visiting their mother, Mrs. Lucy Parker, at Crab Orchard Springs.

—Miss Lillian Mitchell, of this city, will be a member of a house party to be entertained soon at the home of her aunt, Mrs. J. F. Brown, in North Carolina.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Haynes and daughters, Miss Eleanor Haynes, of Fern Bank, Ohio, and Mrs. J. J. Molloy, of Chicago, are guests of the Misses Lilleston, at their home on Higgins avenue.

—Mr. James Kern has returned to his home in Cincinnati, after a visit to relatives in this city and county. Mr. Kern formerly resided in this county, where he was an active figure in the livestock market.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank O'Neil and family will leave this week for Philadelphia, Pa., where they will reside in the future. The home at the corner of High and Ninth street, which they will vacate will be occupied by Mrs. Clifton Arnsperger.

—Mrs. J. W. Waterfill and daughter, Miss Mary Louise Waterfill, of Lawrenceburg, Ky., have been guests of the former's brother, Mr. John M. Clay, and other relatives, near this city. Mrs. Waterfill was formerly Miss Sude Clay.

—Mr. Carl Howell, formerly of Paris, is reported as being seriously ill of uremic poisoning at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Howell, at Heidelberg, Ky. During their residence in Paris, Mr. Howell conducted the livery stable now operated by T. G. Morris, and Mrs. Howell was manager of the Paris office of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

—Misses Annabelle Race, of Butler, and Nellie Case, of Covington, guest of Miss Frances Campbell, were guests of honor at a delightful entertainment given by their young hostesses, at the home of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. F. P. Campbell, on High street, recently. About thirty-five guests spent an enjoyable evening, with dancing and games. Refreshments of ices and cakes were served.

—Miss Favola Dundon was hostess at her home on Houston avenue last week to a party composed of the following: Misses Damie Cahal, Ruby Elder, Virginia Dundon, Irene Bramlette, Ada Wilcox, Dorcas and Thelma Williams; Lawrence Soper, Harold Shively, Yancey Chappel, Dori Wagner, John Dundon, George Dundon and J. Miller Dundon. Dancing and games formed pleasurable features of the evening's enjoyment, followed by refreshments.

—Miss Nancy Griffith entertained with a knitting party at her home on Pleasant street Friday morning in honor of Miss Hattie Hill O'Neill, who will leave this week for Philadelphia, Pa., to make her future home. Those who enjoyed the hostesses' hospitality for the morning hours were Misses Hattie Hill O'Neill, Patsy Clark, Elizabeth Embry, Elizabeth Jasper, Mrs. Virginia Griffith, Mrs. O. T. Hinton, Mrs. Woodford Daniel and Mrs. Katherine Davis Craig.

—The bathing beach at Boonesboro continues to attract a large number of Paris people to its inviting cool waters. Several parties went to the beach from the county and city last week, and on Sunday a large party went over in the afternoon. One party from this city last week were driven to seek shelter from a heavy wind and rain storm, accompanied by a brilliant electrical display, which broke over the beach just as they were preparing to return home.

(Other Personals on Page 5.)

CONFERENCE AND INSTITUTE AT JACKSON.

—Under the auspices of the Presbytery of West Lexington, of the Southern Presbyterian Church, a Sunday School Institute and Christian Workers' Conference for the Presbyterians Sunday School workers and mountain mission workers of the State of Kentucky will be held at Jackson, Ky., August 21 to 25. The sessions of the conference will be held in the auditorium of the Lees College Institute, and plans are being made for an attendance of more than 300 of the Presbyterian religious workers of the State. At a similar conference held at the same place last year the enrolled delegates numbered about 260.

Among the speakers who have been secured for the conference are the Rev. Dr. Henry H. Sweets, of Louisville, secretary of the General Assembly's Committee on Christian Education and Ministerial Relief; the Rev. Dr. William A. Ganfield, President of Centre College, Danville, Ky.; the Rev. Dr. George A. Joplin, Secretary of the Kentucky State Sunday School Association; the Rev. Dr. Homer McMillan, of Atlanta, Ga., one of the secretaries of the Home Mission Committee of the Southern Presbyterian Church; the Rev. Dr. J. W. Tyler, superintendent of the mountain missions for the Southern Presbyterian Church; the Rev. French W. Thompson, Presbyterian Camp Pastor at Camp Zachary Taylor; the Rev. William T. McElroy, pastor of the Harvey Browne Memorial Church, Louisville, and others.

This is the second year that this conference has been held, and those who have it in charge are hopeful that it may become a permanent feature of Kentucky Presbyterianism, becoming to the State what Montreat is to the whole Southern Presbyterian Church.

For further information write to the Rev. Joseph Hopper, Jackson, Ky., or to Mr. Thomas B. Talbot, Lexington, Ky., P. O. Box 24.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation. (adv-july)

NEWSPAPER MAN ADMITS USE OF GERMAN FUNDS.

According to the Federal authorities investigating the German ownership of the New York Mail, it was stated that George Sylvester Viereck, editor of Viereck's Weekly, and formerly editor of the suppressed Vaterland, had admitted that he had been paid \$100,000 by Count von Bernstorff and former Austrian Ambassador Dumba. The money, it is alleged, was spent in disseminating propaganda. A list of books and pamphlets that were distributed were given, according to the authorities.

LAME SHOULDER

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles. All that is needed is absolute rest and a few applications of Chamberlain's Liniment. Try it.

(adv-july)

HATS

\$1.00

Get Yours Now

Twin Bros. Department Store Main and 7th Paris, Ky.

LIGHTNING DOES GREAT DAMAGE IN WOODFORD.

VERSAILLES, KY., July 29.—Lightning struck the cottage of Mrs. J. W. McKinley on Lexington Street, occupied by William C. White and family Wednesday night during the electrical storm. A large hole was torn in the chimney and brick and mortar scattered over the room. The family were in an adjoining room and were stunned but none of them hurt.

The barn of Charles Owens, near Pinckard, containing 1,600 bushels of wheat, hay and oats, was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. The loss has not been estimated but is partially covered by insurance. A barn belonging to J. S. Williams and Roy Williams was struck by lightning and completely destroyed, with no insurance.

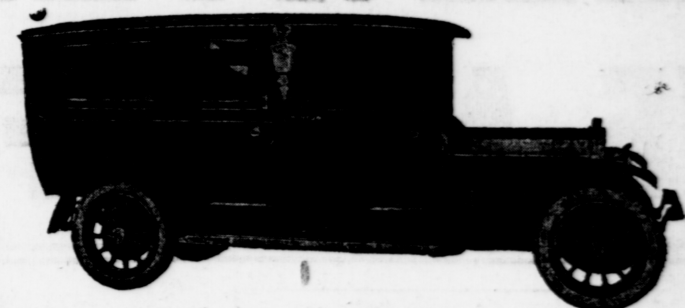
INSURANCE!

FIRE—TORNADO—AUTOMOBILE—HAIL

Watch for the expiration of your policies and let us have some of your renewals

YERKES & PEED

At Farmers & Traders Bank



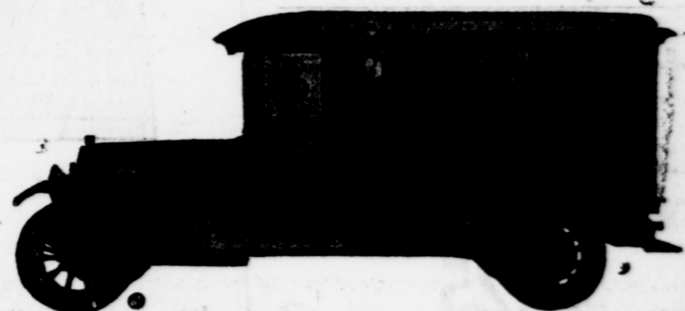
The J. T. Hinton Co. UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS

Main and Sixth Streets Paris Ky. Day phone 36 Night 1-56 or Home 286

Motor equipment.

Ambulance calls promptly attended to with our Limousine Invalid Coach.

Hearse used for funeral purposes only.



See Us For All Kinds of

FARM MACHINERY and Supplies

McCormick Mowing Machines and Corn Binders

No better on the market. Have stood the test of years.

C. S. BALL GARAGE Cor. Fourth and Pleasant St.

TO CLOSE OUT

ALL PORCH and LAWN GOODS

And All Refrigerators

WE ARE OFFERING BIG REDUCTIONS!

Crex and Deltex Grass Rugs.

\$2.75 Rugs now	\$2.20
\$3.75 Rugs now	\$3.00
\$5.00 Rugs now	\$4.00
\$7.50 Rugs now	\$5.00
\$10.00 Rugs now	\$8.00
\$12.50 Rugs now	\$10.00
\$15.00 Rugs now	\$12.00
\$20.00 Rugs now	\$16.00

We have just received a new lot of these rugs.

Extra Special!

A \$3.75 Oak Mission
Porch Rocker, now
\$2.25

Be sure to get one of these.

JUST A FEW Four-Passenger Yard Swings

AT

\$6.85

Make Your Porch Live-
able by Using a Vudor
Porch Shade.



The McDougall Kitchen Cabinets

Make the kitchen as convenient for the housewife as the modern office fixtures make the office for the present business man. And this is no more than the housewife is entitled to. A McDUGALL REDUCES WORK BY HALF.

We Have Just Received a Carload of McDougall Cabinets and We Want You to Have One.

We are just starting another McDUGALL CLUB. Join it. \$1.00 puts a McDougall to work in your home. There is no reason why you should buy other than the best. The McDUGALL is just that, and it costs you no more—perhaps less. May we have the pleasure of showing you the most complete line of Kitchen Cabinets in Central Kentucky.

A McDUGALL MAKES WAR ON WASTE!

Hammocks

\$1.75 Hammocks now	\$1.40
\$2.25 Hammocks now	\$1.80
\$2.50 Hammocks now	\$2.00
\$2.75 Hammocks now	\$2.20
\$3.50 Hammocks now	\$2.80
\$5.00 Hammocks now	\$4.00

Porch Swings

\$4.75 Porch Swings now	\$3.80
\$5.00 Porch Swings now	\$4.00
\$7.50 Porch Swings now	\$6.00
\$10.00 Porch Swings now	\$8.00
\$12.50 Porch Swings now	\$10.00
\$15.00 Porch Swings now	\$12.00
\$25.00 Porch Swings now	\$20.00

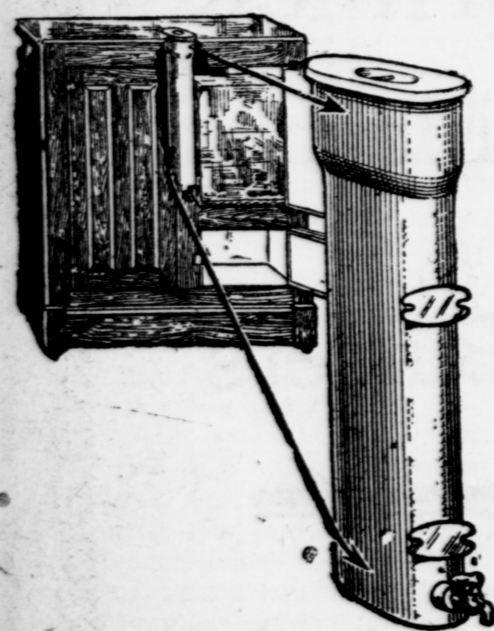
White Maple Porch Chairs, with Cane Seats

\$4.75 Maple Chairs now	\$3.80
\$5.00 Porch Chairs now	\$4.00
\$6.00 Porch Chairs now	\$4.80
\$7.50 Porch Chairs now	\$6.00

Kaltex Fibre Chairs and Rockers are in this sale. These are the very best goods made for the porch and we are exclusive agents for them.

We are Daily Adding To Our Stock of PHONOGRAPHS AND RECORDS

Buy one from us and pay for it as you enjoy it in your home. Hear the Emerson Double Disc Record—3 for \$1.00. Don't pay more for Phonographs when you can buy just as good for less.



LOOK AT THESE CLOSE-OUT PRICES ON

AUTOMATIC REFRIGERATORS

THE ONLY REFRIGERATOR WITH THE WATER BOTTLE COOLER!

1 Large Automatic Refrigerator with water bottle cooler, was \$85.00, reduced to	\$68.00	1 Medium Automatic Refrigerator with water bottle cooler, was \$65.00, reduced to	\$52.00
1 Large Automatic Refrigerator without water bottle cooler, was \$70.00, reduced to	\$56.00	1 Medium Knickerbocker Refrigerator was \$35.00, reduced to	\$28.00
1 Large Automatic Refrigerator with water bottle cooler, was \$77.50, reduced to	\$62.00	1 Medium Illinois Refrigerator was \$38.50, reduced to	\$30.80
1 Large Automatic Refrigerator without water bottle cooler, was \$75.00, reduced to	\$60.00	2 Small Illinois Refrigerators were \$17.50, reduced to	\$14.00

Just Think of This! 9x12 ft. Matting Rugs \$5.98

All the Above Articles are For Cash Only

THE J. T. HINTON CO.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS

Cor. Sixth and Main

Both Telephones No. 36

AMBULANCE SERVICE

Winters & Co.
FOR THE BEST
NOTHING ELSE

NOTICE, TAX PAYERS.

Under the new law, all tax payers are required to call at our offices in the Court House and give in their tax lists. The office of Assessor has been abolished, and the new law requires that you call at the offices of the undersigned Tax Commissioners and transact your business in regard to taxes. We will be in our offices every day until further notice for that purpose. Call NOW and avoid penalties for not doing so. All property owners are required to bring a list of their property as of July 1st to the office.

WALTER CLARK,
Tax Commissioners for Bourbon County.
JNO. J. REDMON, Deputy.
(2 July-18)

TRAVELING LUGGAGE

Of the better kind, to suit every need for comfort in travel.

J. W. DAVIS & CO.

ICE CREAM SUPPER.

The ladies of the Old Union church will give an ice cream supper at the church on next Friday evening, August 2. The hours will be from 8:30 to 12:00. The supper will be an enjoyable event, as are all the affairs given by the ladies of this church. Go and take some one with you. You will have an enjoyable evening.

B-4 FIRE
Insure with
W.O. HINTON & SON, Agts

TWO COTTAGES BURNED

Two frame cottages in Claysville, the colored suburb of Paris, owned by Mr. E. H. Gorey were destroyed by fire Friday morning. The fire originated from a defective flue. The fire department responded to an alarm from Box 32, and confined the flames to the two buildings burned. Mr. Gorey carried insurance on the burned property.

Fire, Wind and Lightning Insurance.
Thomas, Woodford & Bryan.

COMING ATTRACTIONS AT PARIS GRAND AND THE ALAMO.

To-day, Tuesday, July 30—William Farnum, in "The Heart of a Lion," a thrilling story of love and life in a lumber camp; Vitagraph's latest and best serial, "A Fight For a Million," featuring William Duncan, Edith Johnson and Joe Ryan; eighteenth episode of "The House of Hate."

To-morrow, Wednesday, July 31—Enid Bennett, in "The Biggest Show On Earth;" Roscoe "Fatty" Arbuckle, in "Moonshine;" Luke comedy and Pathe News.

Thursday, August 1—Alice Brady, in "The Ordeal of Rosetta;" Mutt and Jeff comedy, "The 75-Mile Gun;" Pathe News feature.

HAIR INSURANCE.

Insure your tobacco against hail with **Thomas, Woodford & Bryan.** Prompt paying companies.

(June 25-18)

HOLD JAP HOBO WHO MAY BE HUNTED MAN.

The first Japanese "hobo" ever seen in this city was placed under arrest here at midnight Saturday by Chief of Police Link, shortly after the "ho" had alighted from an L. & N. freight train.

The man refused to give his name, although he could talk broken English. He gave his age as thirty years, and being without a draft registration card, he was held here by the police pending an investigation. In many ways he answered the description sent out by the New York police recently of a Japanese wanted in that city for the murder of a fellow-countryman. The man's photo was taken and finger prints made and forwarded to the police authorities in New York City.

TO PROTEST AGAINST INCREASED TOBACCO TAX.

Representatives of the tobacco warehouses and allied tobacco interests in this city and county will go to Frankfort to-day to meet with other representatives of the industry from all over Central Kentucky.

The meeting will be held for the purpose of discussing the lowering of the eighty-five per cent. tax levied against tobacco stored in the barns and warehouses of the State. The conference will be held in the office of Attorney-General M. M. Logan, chairman of the State Tax Commission at two o'clock this afternoon. It is contended that if this tax is not lowered Kentucky will not benefit by collecting future taxes on tobacco storage plants.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Comings and Goings of Our People Here, There and Elsewhere.

—Mrs. J. H. Comer is at Dawson Springs for a stay of several days.

—Miss Vallette McClintock has returned from Lake Chautauqua, New York.

—Mrs. Jacob Schuster and son, Lloyd, of Covington, are guests of Mr. J. W. Wind and family in North Middletown.

—Miss Lillian Collins, of Louisville, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Will Thomas.

—Fred Fister and Chas. Wilmoth have returned from a business trip to Munday, Texas.

—Mrs. Lydia Blackerby has returned to her home in Germantown, Mason county, after a visit to relatives in Paris.

—Miss Elise Varden returned yesterday morning from a two-weeks' visit to her cousin, Miss Phoebe Forman, near Maysville.

—Miss Estelle Faulkner has returned to her home in Tucson, Arizona, after a visit to relatives in Paris and Bourbon county.

—Mrs. Minerva Goodwin and little son, William, have returned to Lexington from a visit to Miss Carolyn Roseberry, near Paris.

—Mrs. T. T. Templin and daughter, Miss Mabel Templin, have returned from a week's stay at Carlsbad Springs, in Grant county.

—Mrs. Mary E. Howse has returned to her home in Carlisle after a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Davis, on East Seventh street.

—Mrs. W. T. Muir has as guest at her home on the Bryan Station pike, near Lexington, Mrs. Bettie Brown and Miss Lizzie Rymell, both of Paris.

—Mr. and Mrs. John J. Williams have returned from a visit to the latter's sisters, Mrs. Vernon Leer and Mrs. James J. Neal, in Madison county.

—Mr. Thomas Butler and mother, Mrs. Kate Kinder, who have been in St. Petersburg, Florida, since last fall, returned to Paris, Sunday morning.

—Mrs. F. S. Elder was removed Saturday from the Massie Memorial Hospital, where she has been a patient several weeks, to her home in this city.

—Miss Lula Champe Lytle left yesterday for Cincinnati, to visit Mrs. Murray Horton and Mr. Horton, and other relatives in Cincinnati and Dayton, Ky.

—Mr. Robert Lee Frank returned Saturday night from a visit to Mrs. Frank and Miss Hallie Frank, who are spending the summer at Saranac Lake, New York.

—Miss Mattie McClure, of Shawhan, and Mrs. N. J. Welsh, of Carrollton, were week-end guests of Miss Fannie McClure and Mrs. Jack Spratt, on Broadway.

—Mrs. Sue South and daughter have returned to their home near Frankfort, after a visit to her brother, Mr. Wallace Carter, and Mrs. Carter, of South Main street.

—Miss Maude Wilson, who has been under medical treatment at the Good Samaritan Hospital, in Lexington, is convalescent, and has been brought to the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Wilson, in East Paris.

—Mr. Robert Turner, who has been a patient at the Massie Memorial Hospital, in this city, for three weeks, has recovered sufficiently to be removed to his home near Paris. Mr. Turner underwent an operation for appendicitis.

—Mrs. D. B. Joseph, of Cincinnati, is a guest of her mother, Mrs. Louis Saloshin, on Pleasant street. Mrs. Joseph will accompany her husband, who is traveling for the Winebrenner Shoe Co., of Milwaukee, Wis., on a trip over his territory, returning later to her home in Cincinnati.

—Mrs. James Thompson, Jr., of near Paris, was one of the guests Friday afternoon at an informal card party given by Miss Elizabeth Rhodes, in Lexington, in honor of Miss Renand, of New Orleans, guest of Mrs. William Rhodes. At the conclusion of the games refreshments were served.

—Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Anderson, of Lexington, will leave this week for a trip to the Northwest to remain the rest of the season. When they return in the fall they will go to housekeeping in Miss Brown's residence in Ashland avenue, Lexington.

—Mrs. Anderson was formerly Miss Hazel Cottingham, of Paris.

—Mr. Harry Simon, of the Simon department store, was called to New York, Sunday night by a telegram stating that Mrs. Simon was very ill, and threatened with appendicitis.

—Mr. and Mrs. Simon had been in New York on a business mission. Mr. Simon had but recently returned from the metropolis.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Day, Jr., entertained at their home on Brent street, Friday evening, in honor of Miss Amanda Stewart, of Louisville. Those who enjoyed the hospitality of the host and hostess for the evening were, besides the guest of honor, Miss Stewart, Miss Pearl Moore, Miss Maude Blevins, of Pittsburg, Ky., and Mr. Doyle Day.

—Little Miss Kitty Withers Berry, daughter of Mr. Bailey D. Berry, celebrated her birthday on Saturday afternoon, with a charming party at her home on Ashland avenue, in Lexington. Among the guests in attendance were John Craig, son of Mrs. Katherine Davis, Craig, and John

Lockhart Davis, son of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Davis, of Paris.

—B. R. Dickerson left yesterday for Maysville, where he has accepted a position as engineer with a government construction company.

—Mrs. O. H. Buck, who has been very ill for sometime, is recuperating at the home of Mrs. Thompson Tarr, on the Georgetown pike, near Paris.

—Roy Burley, aged fourteen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Burley, is a patient at the Massie Memorial Hospital, in this city, where he underwent an operation for appendicitis. Young Burley was reported yesterday as doing well.

—Ben Downey, former Parisian, and all-round good fellow, was in Paris yesterday, working trade for the National Biscuit Co., which he represents in this territory. Ben says he is the happiest man "on the road" on account of having Mrs. Downey back home again. She has been ill in a Lexington hospital for several weeks, and her home coming was made a real joyful event by her husband and friends of both.

(Other Personals on Page 3.)

FOR THE BOYS LEAVING.

For training camps, we have many khaki outfits, including comfort kits, house-wives, etc., 75c to \$3.00. **J. W. DAVIS & CO.**

JUST ARRIVED.

A carload of Rapier's Pig Meal, the best feed ever fed young hogs. (26-21) **W. C. DODSON.**

GONE EAST FOR AUTOS.

A party of Paris people headed by Mr. Chas. A. Webber, of the Bourbon Garage & Supply Co., left Sunday morning for Syracuse, N. Y., where they will spend a day or so inspecting automobiles. On their return they will drive overland from Syracuse to Paris in seven new machines, which have been purchased by Paris and Bourbon county people.

The party was composed of C. A. Webber, Emmett Edwards, Robt. Lyne, Wm. P. McClintock, Miss Vallette McClintock, Miss Mary Kenney Webber, and Misses Katherine and Anna Wilson.

NEW FLORIST AGENT.

Order your cut flowers from us. We can furnish on short notice the best to be had. Funeral designs, corsage bouquets, wedding and party decorations, etc. We are agents for Hanoker, the florist—the best in the State. (2 July-18) **BRUCE HOLLADAY.**

LOST

Tarpaulin, somewhere between my farm on the Bethlehem pike and Paris, Saturday, July 27. Suitable reward for return. (30-11) **N. FORD BRENT.**



and send some pictures to the big brother "Over There." He has a plenty of the things to worry him and needs cheerful news and scenes from home.

Get a Kodak

"If it isn't an Eastman It isn't a Kodak"

We have a full line of Kodaks and supplies—There are none "just as good."

Films Developed Free

Daugherty Bros.

Fifth and Main



CLOSING OUT SALE!

NOW GOING ON!

Ginghams	Wash Rags	White Goods
30c quality, per yard.....24c	3c each	20c quality at.....16c
35c quality, per yard.....29c	Hope Cotton	25c quality at.....21c
40c quality, per yard.....32c	24c per yard	35c quality at.....28c
50c quality, per yard.....38c		45c quality at.....37 1-2c
59c quality, per yard.....48c		59c quality at.....48c
		75c quality at.....59c
		\$1.00 quality at.....79c
1 Lot of Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs	BELDING SILK THREAD 100 yards to spool	1 Lot of Ladies' Handkerchiefs
3 for 10c	9c each or 3 for 25c	2 1/2c each
SILK HOSE 50c values at.....	39c	PERCALE per yard.....
		29c
ONE LOT OF	BRASSIERES	
Ladies' 25c Vests	50c values at.....	39c
at.....	15c	\$1.00 values at.....
		79c

All goods sold for cash. Nothing on approval, to be returned or exchanged.

HARRY SIMON

MAIN STREET, PARIS, KY.

SPECIAL PRICES

On Summer Suits, Straw Hats and Panamas, Palm Beaches, Mohairs, Crashes and Tropical Worsteds

Men's and Young Men's Summer Suits

\$18.00 Summer Suits cut to.....	\$14.95	\$12.50 Summer Suits cut to.....	\$9.95
\$15.00 Summer Suits cut to.....	\$11.95	\$10.00 Summer Suits cut to.....	\$7.95
\$8.50 Summer Suits cut to.....			\$6.95

Panamas and Leghorns

\$3.00 Panamas and Leghorns cut to.....	\$2.25	\$5.00 Panamas and Leghorns cut to.....	\$3.95
\$4.00 Panamas and Leghorns cut to.....	\$3.25	\$6.00 Panamas and Leghorns cut to.....	\$4.95

Straw Hats at Half Price

\$2.00 Straw Hats cut to.....	\$1.00	\$4.00 Straw Hats cut to.....	\$2.00
\$3.00 Straw Hats cut to.....	\$1.50	\$5.00 Straw Hats cut to.....	\$3.00

Cash—No Approvals

R. P. WALSH

7th and Main

One-Price Store

Paris, Ky.

THE JOY OF LIVING.

To enjoy life we must have good health. No one can reasonably hope to get much real pleasure out of life when his bowels are clogged with a good share of the time and the poisons that that should be expelled are absorbed into the system, producing headache and indigestion. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets will move the bowels, strengthen the digestion and give you a chance to realize the real joy of living. Try it.

(adv-july)

BAKERY DEPARTMENT

Cakes, Jelly Roll
Cream Puffs
Doughnuts, Rolls, Pies

GROCERY

Fruits
Fresh Vegetables

MEAT DEPARTMENT

Roasts
Lamb, Veal, Pork
Brains

WILMOTH

Grocery Co.
Phone 376

MARGOLEN'S

All Fruits
Vegetables
Fish
and Meats

are kept inside our store in separate refrigerators—everything screened and free from dust and flies.

Buy where edibles are kept in a sanitary manner. Our service is prompt.

MARGOLEN'S
Sanitary Meat Market

WHEN YOU BUY
BREEZE
YOU WANT YOUR
MONEY'S WORTH!



Cheap breeze is more important to you than cheap fans; because the fans are paid for once, the breeze continually.

Westinghouse Fans

have proved their ability to give the most breeze for the least expenditure, and for this reason are money savers.

Paris Gas & Electric Co.
(Incorporated)

Jaws of Pincers Steadily Closing On
Army of the Crown Prince.

The German Line Totters On Marne Salient.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, July 26.—The entire German position within the Marne salient is such that it may fall at any instant as the result of some sharp forward moves by the allies affecting a vital part.

It is for this reason that the German commanders have ordered their men to hold at all costs while a defensive position is prepared upon which the Germans can fall back.

Day after day the allies, now the French, now the Americans, and now the British, are encroaching upon the triangular salient, at some places making deep dents in the enemy positions and at others progressing more slowly.

Allies Pushing The Germans Back.

PARIS, FRANCE, July 26.—Villemont-Toire, a little more than five miles south of Soissons, has been taken by the French and Americans, while further south they have captured Oulchy-le-Chateau and swept on to the eastward of the town.

Between the Ourcq and the Marne the Americans are pressing hard against the enemy's lines and have taken the southern half of La Fere forest, which brings them up to about four miles directly south of the vital town of Fere-en-Tardenois, the center of the roads leading back out of the Marne salient and through which the German force along the southwestern sectors of the line must retreat.

Ris forest, further southeast, toward the Marne, is also being emptied of the Germans.

The capture of Villemont-Toire and Oulchy-le-Chateau seems to show that General Mangin while keeping up his pressure all along the German lines is able to concentrate large forces at vital points, the loss of which is menacing to the Germans.

Villemont-Toire is on the Soissons-Chateau Thierry road. It is southwest of the town of Buzancy, which has been reported unofficially to have been taken by the Allies. Its capture marks a new step in the progress of closing the mouth of the bag in which the Germans are struggling.

The fall of Oulchy-le-Chateau takes from the Germans the pivot upon which their retirement further south has been swinging. Its loss to the enemy, who defended it sternly, is a serious blow.

The French official statement says that the Allies have advanced eastward of this town, which should bring them to the vicinity of Hill 150, which is the dominating height in that region and which would give the Allies an observation point over long reaches of the Ourcq, as well as both banks of that stream.

There is nothing known as to the British progress on the line from Gueux and Mery-Premecy, west of Rheims. The reported rapid advance of the British there, however, would seem to suggest that there was plenty of power behind their thrust and that their progress should continue.

On the whole the German retirement from the Marne salient appears to be continuing. This retirement is quite evident on the western side of the salient, but to the southwest of Rheims, toward the Marne, nothing has been reported as to an enemy withdrawal.

German attacks near Meteren, in the Lys salient, and near Hebuterne, north of Albert, in both of which localities the British have recently advanced their lines, now are reported from London. Both enemy onslaughts were repulsed.

Half Million Huns Caught In Pocket.

PARIS, July 26.—The German Crown Prince's army of at least half a million men appears to be hopelessly bottled up.

Germany is threatened with a military disaster that has only parallel in history—Sedan.

Precisely as the great Moltke had the bulk of France's army encircled in that historic battle that ended the Franco-Prussian war, so Foch is contracting his vise of steel around the largest number of crack divisions the German Staff has ever concentrated in so limited an area. The next six or twelve hours may bring the decision.

"There is but one avenue to the Crown Prince out of the 'funnel of fate.' That is its 'mouth,' scarcely twenty miles wide, between Soissons and Mery-Premecy, seven miles southwest of Rheims. If Foch can cut across this line, effecting a junction between his Soissons and Rheims armies, the German debacle will be complete.

Every Communication Line Being Bombarded.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, July 26.—Every line of communication within the German salient is under bombardment night and day, either from the allied artillery or airplanes.

It is only with the greatest difficulty and with heavy sacrifices that the enemy is able to hold on within this area. All the while his men are suffering terrible privations, owing to the uncertainty of obtaining supplies.

In consequence of the Allies commanding virtually every road and every path the fatigued German units cannot be relieved even when they are sorely tried.

CAMPAIGN FOR NURSES BEGINS
NEXT MONDAY.

A campaign to enroll 25,000 women in the United States Student Nurse Reserve will be launched July 29 by the American Red Cross with the co-operation of the Woman's Committee, Council of National Defense. The nation's reserve has been so depleted by the calling of thousands of trained nurses for service in military and naval hospitals that it is an absolute necessity to enroll thousands of young women who will carry on the work.

The call is for women between the ages of 19 and 35. The enrollment card will indicate two classes of registrants, "preferred" and "deferred." The "preferred" class will indicate those who are ready to accept assignment to whatever hospital the Government directs them, although they may state what training school they prefer to be sent. Those of this class will be assigned first and will be given all possible consideration. Those who enroll in the "deferred" class will be granted the privilege of

limiting their pledge of service, that is they will have their choice of certain hospitals. This class is organized principally for those who, for family reasons, cannot accept training at a distance from home. Such members will only be assigned to positions after the preferred class has been exhausted.

The training will vary from two to three years, according to the requirements of the particular school to which the student nurse may be sent. Kentucky's quota calls for 736 women and the campaign will be closed August 11. Information can be obtained from the offices of the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense, 204 Speed Building, Louisville, Ky.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS.

These tablets are intended especially for stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of this sort, give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.

(adv-july)

GIRL CUTS OFF TRESSES
SO AS TO BUY U. S. S.

Dayton, O.—Juanita Dowell, eleven, cut off her beautiful chestnut curls to help win the war. She then notified an officer of the National Security league that she wished the hair to be sold in Portland, Ore., and that the money be used in buying War Savings stamps. Gertrude Atherton, the author, made the first bid on the tresses at \$5. The child's explanatory letter is to be sold along with the hair to the highest bidder.

IS AS FATAL AS WAR

Tuberculosis Kills as Many as
Fall From Bullets.

Dr. Livingstone Farrand Appeals to
People to Enter Battle Against
Disease.

New York.—Mortality from tuberculosis among the civilian population and in the armies of all the countries engaged in the war has at least approximated the total number of soldiers killed in battle, according to Dr. Livingstone Farrand, director of the American commission for the prevention of tuberculosis in France.

That the people of America throw themselves into the winning of the war against tuberculosis with the same zeal with which they have hurled themselves against the Hun is the burden of an appeal made by Doctor Farrand on the eve of his return to France.

"To make our country really safe we must first make it healthy," is the slogan Doctor Farrand suggests for this war against disease.

Of the men called to the colors by the first draft 50,000 were found to be tubercular. This is one of the striking indications of the prevalence of the disease.

"While the war has thus effectually disclosed conditions which existed before, rather than produced these conditions, it is also true that in indirect ways it has substantially increased the tuberculosis problem in the European countries involved," says Doctor Farrand.

"I refer not to the situation in the armies, where the mode of life often tends to reduce this disease, but to conditions which affect the civilian population."

Increased food, clothing and housing costs necessitating, among the lower wage groups, diminished quantity and quality and their resultant undernutrition, are given as contributing causes.

A nation-wide campaign against the disease and for adequate provision for rejected and discharged soldiers suffering from it is planned through 1,500 local societies of the National Tuberculosis association.

DOUBLE OF CZAR'S DAUGHTER



Mrs. Ariadne Roomanov, wife of Kerensky's secretary, experienced an unusual surprise when she arrived in Tokyo. She is the double of Tatiana, daughter of the former czar, who was reported on her way to America. Mrs. Roomanov was offered an entire wing of the imperial palace at Tokyo for her accommodation while in the Japanese capital, it being the belief that she really was the daughter of the czar.

WOULD FIGHT HIS FATHER

Man Whose Sire Is Captain in Hun
Army Seeks Enlistment With
Yanks.

Denver, Colo.—In making application for the privilege of fighting with the American army in France, Eugene Casper, twenty-two, told Denver recruiting officers he would not hesitate to fire against a certain unit of the German army, of which his father is captain and in which two of his brothers are fighting. Casper, who has been in the United States less than three years, has received only his first papers in naturalization. He will not be admitted to military service at once. He is a son of Capt. Gustav Casper, of the German army. David Holzworth, a resident of Denver, former captain in the Kaiser's army, and an uncle of young Casper, has a son in the American army.



Canning Time

Fruits preserved in this kettle retain their natural flavor
Not effected by fruit acids
No enamel to chip off
Spacious-useful
for other purposes

Special, this week only
4Qt "Lifetime"
Aluminum
Preserving Kettle

\$1.12

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Motor Equipment

BOTH PHONES—DAY 137; NIGHT 299

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The Pendleton Shop

135 EAST MAIN ST., OPP. PHOENIX HOTEL
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

We Extend a Cordial Invitation
to Visit Our New Store,
and Solicit Your
Patronage

GOWNS SUITS HATS

A MAN AND HIS WIFE



may both derive satisfaction by having their worn and soiled garments cleaned by us. The cost is nominal, while the pleasure of wearing old clothes that have the appearance of new, in conjunction with the knowledge that you are effecting a great thing, must surely satisfy you. A phone brings us.

LEVY, THE DRY CLEANER

Cumberland Phone 40

Home Phone 169-2

WHAT WE FIGHT FOR.

The high aims of America and her allies are well expressed in President Wilson's greetings to France on Bastille Day:

"As France celebrated our Fourth of July, so do we celebrate her Fourteenth, keenly conscious of a comradeship of arms and of purpose of which we are deeply proud. The sea seems very narrow to-day, France is so close neighbor to our hearts. The war is being fought to save ourselves from intolerable things, but it is also being fought to save mankind. We extend our hands to each other, to the great peoples with whom we are associated; and to the peoples everywhere who love right and prize justice as a thing beyond price, and consecrate ourselves once more to the

noble enterprise of peace and justice, realizing the great conception that have lifted France and America high among the free peoples of the world. The French flag flies to-day from the staff of the White House, and America is happy to do honor to that flag."

Rich in Misfortunes.

At the end of life a man finds himself rich, not so much by his fortune as by his misfortunes. The Persians had a vase of glass, which when empty was colorless, but when filled with wine flashed forth many rare pictures. So a bosom empty of a heart of pain makes a lusterless life, but a bosom in which a heart bleeds reveals hidden virtues.—Tilton.

Any man can take himself seriously, but success is getting others to take him that way.

TO AILING WOMEN.

A Little Sound Advice Will Help Many a Sufferer in Paris

No woman should consider herself healthy and well if the kidneys are weak. Poisons that pass off in the secretions when the kidneys are well, are retained in the body when the kidneys are disordered. If the kidneys and bladder become inflamed and swollen worse troubles may quickly follow. This is often the cause of bearing-down pains, lameness, back-ache, etc. Uric poisoning is also frequent cause of headaches, dizzy spells, languor, nervousness and rheumatic pain.

When suffering so, try Doan's Kidney Pills, a remedy that has proven effective in thousands of such cases. Let a Paris woman tell of her experience.

Mrs. A. L. Burley, 329 Eighth Street, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills, getting them from the Ardery Drug Co., and from the benefit I received, I certainly think they are a good, reliable remedy. Whenever my kidneys have acted irregularly or my back has been weak and lame, I have used a box or so of Doan's Kidney Pills. They have always relieved me of the complaint."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Burley had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. (adv)

THE STORY OF A FIERY KENTUCKY LAD.

The fiery story of a plucky boy from Louisville, Kentucky, who overcame all barriers, ran away to war when he was fourteen and experienced all its horrors and wonders. The reactions and impressions of this boy are unique and thrilling. He says:

"Of course, I was only fourteen when I enlisted as a stretcher bearer in the British Royal Army Medical Corps, in October, 1915. Maybe a kid like me wouldn't get as much out of being in the war as an older fellow would—but maybe he'd get more, just because he had more to get! As near as I could figure it out, everybody over there was getting some things they never could have found anywhere else. I know I did."

"I guess the biggest thing I got was—well, I don't just know what to call it. It isn't exactly any one thing. It's a mixture of being sorry for somebody else and not being sorry for yourself."—The Red Cross Magazine, for August.

GOVERNMENT CALLS FOR CARE IN SHIPPING STOCK.

The railroads have issued an appeal to the farmers to be more careful about shipments of live stock. Most of the present losses in live stock are due to the overloading and carelessness in shipping, one railroad representative said.

In the past railroads have always paid the losses due to this rather than stand a law suit, but now the government has decided that all losses due to the carelessness of the shipper shall not be paid and the loss will have to be stood by the shipper, according to announcement.

Too frequently stock is killed in transit that should not be lost. At the present everyone is trying to save every way possible as to food, and a great effort is being made that a large portion of the meats of the country shall not be lost in shipment.

Special precautions must be taken in the shipment of hogs as more of them are lost than any other stock. They should not be beaten or badly treated as when killed for meat, the meat is often condemned and thrown away.

WAR Map Free!

SUNSET MAGAZINE increases its rates to 20c per copy on news stands and \$2.00 per yearly subscription, beginning with September issue, 1918.

A LAST CHANCE to subscribe to **SUNSET MAGAZINE** at the old price of \$1.50 per year and receive a

Large Liberty War Map of the Western Battle Front **FREE!**

This remarkable offer is open to all whose subscriptions will be received at this office up to August 15, 1918. Subscribe before this date and save the price of

TWO THRIFT STAMPS "Kill two birds with one stone"—Help the Government and yourself.

SUNSET MAGAZINE SAN FRANCISCO CALIFORNIA (24 July 4c)

MAKES FORTUNE BY SMUGGLING

Swedish "Rubber Baron" Tells How He Profited by Trading on Frontier.

WAS CLERK BEFORE THE WAR

Made His First Money Dealing in Russian Rubles—Then Engaged in Smuggling Rubber From Finland and Gets Rich Quickly.

Stockholm, Sweden.—"You want to know what people smuggle? Go up the river then, and you will soon find out. They smuggle nearly everything, so it is rather difficult to answer the question offhand." So said a custom house officer at Haparanda, the little Swedish town on the frontier of Finland, to Herbert Ericson, a Swedish writer, who went up the Tornea valley to investigate the smuggling stories.

"While I was waiting for the Over-Tornea train to start, a motorcycle chugged into the station yard," said Ericson.

"That is one of our rubber barons," remarked an acquaintance to me. A rubber baron, in Haparanda talk, is a man who suddenly gets rich on smuggling rubber in from Finland. I was in luck, for the baron—Karlsson I will call him—traveled north in my compartment. He was a pleasant fellow. He did not remind me of the smart speculators I had met in Norrland. He even looked embarrassed when I began to talk about smuggling.

Clerk Before the War. "Presently he told me that at the outbreak of the war he had been a clerk in one of Norrland's coast towns. He had earned his money in rubles.

"It is not generally known that many hundred Swedes have made big fortunes out of rubles. It happened like this: After the occupation of Poland and other regions of Russia, the Germans found that the population refused to take marks in payment for such supplies as were paid for. The people demanded rubles, and rubles the Germans did not have. The only way of getting them was through Sweden. The Russian government permitted no more than 500 to be taken out of the government by each traveler, but with the incentive of a good reward smugglers were not lacking. The Haparanda agents bought up these rubles and sent them down to Germany by bales.

"When the Germans had bought all the rubles they wanted Karlsson tried to smuggle drugs to Finland. That failed absolutely. He met with a disaster at the outset. His first consignment of several kilos of acetylsalicylic acid and 100 clinical thermometers was seized by the Swedish customs authorities and a heavy fine was imposed.

"So he got into touch with some Finnish merchants who, for a price, guaranteed to have a large quantity of rubber rings on the Swedish side of the river at a certain minute on a certain day.

"Entering into relations with a firm in Stockholm and finding that he could make many thousand kroner profit thereby, Karlsson told the Finns to go ahead. One night he went to Mattila, where the rubber was to be ready. Mattila is a tiny station on the Haparanda-Over-Tornea stretch of railway, and almost on the bank of the river.

No Sign of Customs Officer.

"When he arrived there was no sign of a Russian custom house officer across stream. The revolution has altered matters. The Cossacks who used to patrol the Russian shore had disappeared. The new guards appointed by the revolutionaries found it more interesting to stay in Tornea. Karlsson picked up the rubber. This was only the first of a chain of such transactions he managed with financial success.

"Karlsson has meticulously taken the goods so smuggled to the Swedish customs authorities, to be assessed for duty. Quantities of tin, flour and linseed oil have similarly come over the river for many months past. Tin gives the Finns an advantage. I found one case where a druggist had come to grief by taking delivery of and paying heavily for a thousand kilos of a cheap alloy. The flour smuggling seems to indicate that the Finns engaged must be blackguards of a particularly obnoxious type, for they ship flour out of their land while they know that tens of thousands of their fellow countrymen are nearly starving and that their government is sending out commissions full of piteous appeals to other lands, America included, to spare them a little flour. It seems curious that these commissions could not have tarried a week at the frontier and organized a guard to put a stop to the drain of flour there."

PHONE COMPANY PUTS BAN ON HUN MESSAGES

Brookfield, Mo. — Complying with the request of the Linn county council of defense, the Bell Telephone company of this city, has issued an order to all patrons of its system prohibiting any other language than English over the telephone lines.

KNITS 24 SOCKS WHILE WAITING TO TESTIFY

Los Angeles, Cal.—Called here from Detroit to testify in the federal court, Miss Olive Kidder brought along her knitting needles and yarn, and while waiting to be called to the stand knitted a dozen pairs of socks for Uncle Sam's soldiers in France.

POILU TACKLES GUM

Looked Like Food So They Tried to Eat It.

Now Have Remarkable Regard for the American Digestive Apparatus.

Paris.—One of the struggles in which the French soldiers became involved when the Germans swept across the Aisne between Solissons and Reims was with chewing gum. I refer to Chiclé Americanus, the—to us—well-known vegetable product which may be found adhering to the underside of desks, to shoe soles, and to trouser seats throughout the United States. The self-same article that at once solaces the weary shop girl and the tired business man who endeavors therewith to conceal the fume of the drinks that cheer.

An American ambulance train was operating in the general region of the drive, and the army post exchanges established and operated for it by the Y. M. C. A. were well supplied with the things which are necessary to the comfort—physical and mental—of the American soldier. The Red Triangle officials had established a storehouse to supply these exchanges, and a carload of supplies had been shipped to it just before the Germans started their drive. The carload carried—besides chocolate, tobacco, canned goods, cookies, etc.—a considerable quantity of chewing gum.

When the drive started the Red Triangle workers available started out with what they could carry to serve the men to whom they were attached. The storehouse was left deserted. As the French retired they foraged to keep supplies from falling into enemy hands, using what they could and destroying the rest.

The Poilus who came upon the chewing gum—like most Frenchmen—were totally unfamiliar with it. They knew only that it looked like food, was wrapped like food, and was stored with other things they knew to be food. They ventured further and tried it, stuffing the entire contents of a package into their mouths at one time. It tasted like food, so after a brief period of mastication they essayed to swallow it. Too many of them succeeded. While no serious casualties resulted the Poilus were inspired with a remarkable regard for American digestive apparatuses and considerable awe for American edibles.

GETS INTO ARMY AT LAST

Man Tries for Three Years to Join, and Leaves in 30 Minutes When Chance Comes.

Pasadena, Cal.—Louis Deschamps is a Frenchman and a patriot. Illness has kept Louis from the battle front for three and a half years, but he kept persevering and recently succeeded passing a physical examination. Then, just 30 minutes before 36 draft men were to leave Pasadena for American Lake, Deschamps appeared before draft officials of exemption board No. 2.

"I've passed my examination," he shouted. "What are my chances for action?"

"Your chances are fine," was the answer, "if you can get ready in thirty minutes."

Deschamps chartered a high-powered automobile, closed up his business affairs in record time and was the second of the drafted men to board the train.

TALLEST MAN IN MARINES

Former Mail Clerk, 6 Feet 5½ Inches Tall, Enlists in Service at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md.—Uncle Sam now has 6 feet 5½ inches of real U. S. marine. He is Carroll William Doggett, twenty-five years old, a mail clerk of this city.

When the 77½ inches of humanity strolled into the local recruiting station, the officers in charge had the shock of their young lives.

After some little difficulties, which included bumping his head on the electric light fixtures in the ceiling, the lengthy caller managed to get down into a chair.

Upon examination he was told he was 3½ inches too tall and 23 pounds underweight. So Doggett got busy and after much work and worry arranged for a waiver from Washington. He is the tallest man in the marine corps.

Making Greek Cheese. Madison, Wis.—Three factories in this state are now manufacturing Greek cheese. The factories are located at Milwaukee, Janesville and Shawano. The manufacturers are confident that the work has passed the experimental stage. They are making two varieties—Feta and Mynzethra.

LIFE IS SAVED BY HANDKERCHIEF

Aviator, Stranded in No Man's Land, Faces Fire of Friend and Foe.

WAVED SIGNAL TO FRENCH

By Fast Running Sergeant Baugham Reaches Comrades in Safety—Is Rewarded With Military Medal by the French.

Washington.—Flight Sergeant James H. Baugham of Washington, who was transferred from the Lafayette escadrille to the Paris Air Defense squadron, has been reported a prisoner in unofficial advice to his mother, Mrs. Mary A. Baugham, president of the Dixie Agricultural company of Washington. Sergeant Baugham joined the Lafayette escadrille in 1917 when he was eighteen years old and won the Military medal, the highest French honor to noncommissioned men.

The incident that earned the sergeant the medal was described in a letter he wrote recently. Paying tribute to the wonderful spirit of his French comrades, Sergeant Baugham said:

"We had been sent out to patrol back of the German lines and to attack anything enemy we saw. Having incendiary balls in my gun, I was prepared to attack a German 'sausage' or observatory balloon. Just as I was beginning the descent to attack, I saw a Boche airplane going in the direction of our lines to do photographic work. I put on full speed and signaled to the other planes to follow. They evidently did not see my signal, for they didn't go down with me. When I got 100 meters from the Boche I started firing. The enemy replied by turning loose both guns at me. I must have got him, however, with the first blast, for when I pulled up to make another dive he was silent.

"Then something happened that would make the goodest man on earth cuss, and as I am not one of the best, you can imagine that I left little unsaid. My motor stopped absolutely dead. There was only one thing for me to do and that was to dive, lose the Boche and try to volplane to the French lines. As I went past the German machine it immediately came down and, putting some nice steel very close to him, I did all the acrobacy I had ever learned. When I had finished I found that I had come down from 10,000 to 1,000 feet and there was no Boche in sight.

Alone in No Man's Land.

"I then looked around for a place to land. I saw a fairly good place off to the right and made it. I then stepped out of the machine—right on the face of a dead German. It took me a minute to realize what was happening and I awoke to the sound of bullets whizzing past my head. That didn't disturb me much, because I was wondering why somebody hadn't buried the German. Looking around, however, all I could see was dead Germans. It suddenly dawned on me that I was in No Man's Land. Of all the places there are to land in France and Germany I had to land between the two.

"Then I realized what a predicament I was in and began to think up some way to get out of it. The thought came to me that if I was nearer the German lines than to the French, I had better get rid of those incendiary balls in my pocket, for if the Germans catch you with them you are shot at once. I climbed back into my machine to the tune of bullets and took out a load of over 300 cartridges, threw them on the ground and then removed my compass and altimeter.

"The first thing I struck was a grave, unfinished, with two of the enemy in it. I eased myself down into it, lifted up one of the Germans and put the cartridges beneath him. I started walking back to my machine. As I got near it the Boche lines started their mitrailleurs and rifles at me, and the French, unaware that I was one of them, also opened up. I had to walk 500 feet between the lines and it was no joke with all that fire concentrated in my direction. One bullet passed so close to my face that I really felt the wind. I decided that I'd have to go to one of the lines, enemy or friend, but just then I heard a machine overhead. I looked up and saw white puffs breaking out all around it.

Signaled With Handkerchief.

"On the way the fire got so hot I had to fall face down, and I didn't move for, I guess, five minutes. There being no good reason for my being shot like a dog, I yanked out my handkerchief and waved it at the French lines.

"They finally got it, after ten minutes of waving, and I saw a French officer beckoning me from a bit of woods. If there ever has been a faster 50-yard sprint I never heard of it. I ran so fast that I ran right into the officer, and very nearly knocked his revolver out of his hand. I showed him my identification card and then started cursing him for shooting at me. He had been taking potshots at me out there. He apologized, saying that he could only see my head, because his position was slightly lower than No Man's Land.

"They took me up to the divisional general, and I reported that I had seen more than 300 dead Germans and only two Frenchmen. It made him so happy that he gave me a dinner, and complimented me for being a good soldier."

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Call and let us show them to you.

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NEWS OF WOMEN'S WORK INTERESTING TO CLUB WOMEN.

At the Red Cross Sewing Rooms.
Thursday—Methodist Woman's Society.
Friday—Baptist Woman's Society.
Saturday—D. A. R.

The colored women of the city have organized a Red Cross circle under the local chapter. They will have their own sewing room. Chairman Mrs. Minnie McIntyre Martin.

Work of the Red Cross.

Now the American Red Cross through its Home Service work is helping in the great task of binding the different races of America into one unified nation was described at various meetings in Washington last week attended by Red Cross division directors of Civilian Relief from all over the United States. The Mexicans that constitute a great problem for the Home Service Workers in the southwest, the Indians of several western divisions, the foreign populations of the Atlantic seaboard cities, the negroes of the South and even the remote part of Minnesota, a group of Icelandic people, they are all coming under the attention of Home Service because they are sending sons and fathers away to war and any family that has a soldier or a sailor at the front or in training has a claim upon the government through the Home Service sections of the Red Cross. Such families have a right to claim a share in the neighborliness and sympathy and kindly aid which the Home Service sections were organized to give.

Bottled Blood For Transfusion.

The lives of soldiers on the battle fronts have been saved in some cases by injecting into their veins blood kept in bottles for that purpose. A British surgeon, speaking before the American Surgical Association in convention at Cincinnati a short time ago, said that when British forces were compelled to retreat after a terrific German drive on the western front a few weeks ago 30 bottles of blood were captured by the Germans and expressed the hope that the Germans will use it as it may "make them better human beings." Maj. W. J. Mayo, of Rochester, Minn., told the convention that 100 pure-blooded persons have been enlisted to give blood from their veins when needed for the treatment of wounded American soldiers.

Sister Susie appears to have dropped the knitting for the sewing needle, but in Great Britain there is still a big demand for home-made hosiery. A Canadian lady who claimed the empire record for 523 pairs of socks has been far outdistanced by a native of South Australia, whose score to date is 200 pairs ahead of the Canadian lady's.

This is a funny world. One man spends all of his time trying to dodge trouble and another man spends all of his time looking for it.

Notice to Electric Light and Power Consumers

The new rates were printed in the BOURBON NEWS of July 19, and are effective as of said date, and if the company charges more than the new rates from said date you need not pay the bills, but you must tender payments to the company at the new rates for all service after July 19. Bring or send your bills to the Mayor's office, First National Bank Building, room 108, between 10 and 12 and 2 and 4 o'clock daily, and the City Engineer will calculate and have them ready to return to you Thursday, August 8, in time for payment to get the discount.

E. B. JANUARY,
Mayor City of Paris.
THOS. KISER,
JOHN MERRINGER,
J. J. VEATCH,
—Light Committee.

Notice of Meeting of Garth Fund Commissioners.

The Board of Commissioners of Garth Fund will meet at the court house, in Paris, Ky., on

Thursday and Friday, Aug. 1 and 2, 1918, and the present beneficiaries are notified to meet the Board on Thursday, Aug. 1, and bring with them their reports and the text books used during the past year, and also a statement of their accounts of receipts and expenditures, with receipts for same paid out.

New applicants for the fund will meet the Board on Friday at the same place and will bring with them their recommendations, and also their school reports for the past school year and the text books used during said term.

CLAUDE M. THOMAS,
JOHN T. COLLINS,
EMMETT M. DICKSON,
—Commissioners.

(30-14)

IN THE SERVICE OF THEIR COUNTRY

(Continued from Page 1)
gone? My address for some time, at least, will be 36th Co., 9th Battalion, 160th Depot Brigade, Camp Custer, Mich."

Mr. Turney Collins, formerly of Paris, who recently enlisted in the United States Navy, passed a successful examination at the Lexington recruiting station. He will probably be assigned to the Great Lakes station.

Corp. Paul Brannon, Sergt. Will Hill, Private Robert J. Reynolds and Sergt. Harry Barlow, who are stationed with the 326th Field Artillery at West Point, Ky., near Camp Zachary Taylor, were at home on furlough from Saturday to Monday, as guest of relatives in this city.

The transfer of troops from Northern cantonments to those in the South and Southeast proceeds rapidly. Almost every day troop trains pass through Paris via the Louisville & Nashville south-bound. On Friday five of these trains, loaded with troops, passed south. One train carried eleven coaches.

Mr. Alvin Arkle, a former Paris boy, is now in the naval service as second class seaman. His father, Mr. Thomas W. Arkle, who is now residing in Lexington, was in Paris, Sunday, and stated that he had received a postcard from his son, announcing his safe arrival at a French port. Young Arkle has been in the navy about six months.

Mr. Robert Collins, of near Paris, left yesterday for Camp Zachary Taylor, to report for army service. Mr. Collins was to have gone to the camp with a local contingent some time ago, but was injured in the foot by the accidental discharge of a shotgun, while hunting on his farm near Centerville. Mr. Collins was discharged from the Massie Memorial Hospital, Saturday.

Twenty-nine men have been recommended by State Examiner Capt. H. N. Royden, U. S. A., to attend the Central Officers' Training camps to prepare themselves for commissions in the national army. Among the number were Charles S. Spears and Andy K. Caywood, both of Paris, being recommended for the infantry service in the instruction camp at Camp Gordon, Georgia.

Mrs. Ruby Arnsperger received a postcard message Saturday from her son, Clifton Arnsperger, stating that he had made the overseas journey in safety and was then en route to an army receiving camp in France. Mr. Arnsperger enlisted in the service on April 2. His brother, Mr. Lucien Arnsperger, now a Lieutenant in the service, is with the American Expeditionary Forces in France.

Orders for overseas equipment have been issued by Gen. Harry C. Hale at Camp Sherman, near Chillicothe, Ohio. The 84th Division, made up mainly of Kentucky and Indiana troops, is stationed at this camp. Among the Kentuckians are several Paris and Bourbon county boys, recently transferred from Camp Zachary Taylor and Ft. Thomas.

Lee F. Brown, son of Mrs. Lizzie Brown, of Paris, is a patient in the army hospital at Camp Kearney, near Linda Vista, Cal. Young Brown is a member of the California contingent of draftees now in training at Camp Kearney. Upon his release from the hospital Mr. Brown will go to the Army Convalescent Hospital, where he will remain three weeks, before being permitted to resume his place in the ranks.

Kenney Kiser, who has been assisting his father, Mr. Walker Kiser, in harvesting his hay and wheat crops near Kiserston, returned Saturday, to Detroit, Mich., where he is stationed in the radio service branch of the navy. Mr. Kiser carried the big U. S. Flag in the parade Friday afternoon heading the Great Lakes Naval Band. He is over six feet in height, weighing two hundred pounds, and has been pronounced by naval surgeons almost perfect physically.

Under the charge of Mr. William Mitchell, who has been designated as Captain, the following young men left Paris yesterday afternoon for Vancouver Barracks, Washington, on the Pacific coast, where they will enter the service of Uncle Sam in the Government timber reserve: Wm. Mitchell, Fred Burgin, Ireland "Bit" Davis, Jackie Saloshin, Fred Miller and Pearce Beatty. This will mean a ride of 3,500 miles across the continent. They will not arrive at their destination until next Saturday night. Mr. Mitchell has been a member of the clerical force in the L. & N. freight office; Mr. Davis has been chauffeur for the G. W. Davis undertaking establishment; Mr. Miller has been manager of the Harry Simon department store; Mr. Burgin was an auto mechanic in the employ of the Bourbon Garage & Supply Co.; Mr. Saloshin leaves a nice position as pharmacist in the L. Oberdorfer drug store, and Mr. Beatty has been in the service of Louisville & Nashville Railroad. All are worthy and patriotic young men. The best wishes of the people of Paris will follow them.

Coming Attractions

THE PARIS GRAND AND ALAMO

Tuesday, July 30th

William Fox Presents
WILLIAM FARNUM

"THE HEART OF A LION"
a thrilling story of love and life in a lumber camp.

"A FIGHT FOR MILLIONS"
Vitagraph's latest and best serial, featuring William Duncan with Edith Johnson and Joe Ryan.

Also the Eighteenth Episode of
"THE HOUSE OF HATE"

Wednesday, July 31st

Thos. H. Ince Presents
ENID BENNETT

"The Biggest Show on Earth"

Roscoe (Fatty) Arbuckle
in **"MOONSHINE"**

Also a "Luke" Comedy and Pathe News Feature.

Thursday, August 1st

Select Pictures Corporation
Presents

ALICE BRADY

"The Trials of Rosetta"
a tale of twin sisters totally different.

Also a Mutt and Jeff Comedy, "The Seventy-five Mile Gun," and Pathe News Feature.

Prices

At the Alamo—Children 5c—war tax 1c; Adults 13c—war tax 2c.

At the Paris Grand—Children 5c—war tax 1c; Adult 13c—war tax 2c. Colored persons, Children 5c—war tax 1c; Adults 10c—war tax 1c.

CAN YOU SWIM?



WATER "DOINGS" AT Y. M. C. A.

Ladies August 2nd; everybody Aug. 8th.

The Ladies' Swimming Class at the Bourbon County Y. M. C. A. has been granted an additional day each week. Hereafter the swimming pools will be reserved Wednesdays—mornings for girls and young women of the Church and Sunday League; afternoons all members of the regular Monday and Thursday classes.

Friday night of this week, Aug. 2nd, all ladies and young women are invited to see the swimming exhibition at the Y. M. C. A. swimming pool by members of the Ladies' Class. Miss Harriet Rogers, the instructor, has arranged the following program: Demonstration of Form Swimming, (three different strokes.) Diving Exhibition. Beginners Race. Advanced Race. Demonstration of Rescue Work, (Life Saving.)

Stunts and Fun, (Candle and Tub Races, etc.) All members of the Swimming Class are eligible to enter any of these events and each member is entitled to bring her friends.

At 7:30 p. m. Secretary Thos. K. Smith has arranged a practice Boy Scout Drill. Mothers and sisters will want to see what the boys do at the Y. M. C. A. during their spare time. This drill will close in time for the swimming exhibition, which begins at 8:15 o'clock.

Save Thursday night, Aug. 8, for another swimming exhibition, when the boys and men of the Y. M. C. A. will entertain the public with a pleasing program of aquatics. (It)

DEATHS.

OSBORNE.

—The funeral of Mrs. Geo. W. Osborne, aged forty-three, who died at her home near Bloomingdale, in Clark County, Saturday, of a complication of diseases, was held at the family residence yesterday afternoon at three o'clock, with services conducted by Rev. J. T. Turpin. The burial followed in the Brock burying ground in Clark county.

Mrs. Osborne was a daughter of George W. and Nancy Owsley, and is survived by her husband and five children, Charles Osborne and Mrs. Jesse Smith, of Bourbon county, and Janie, Clarence and Frances Osborne, of Clark county.

JACOBS.

—The funeral of Mr. Frank Jacobs, who died suddenly last Thursday morning in this city, was held in the Paris Cemetery, Sunday afternoon, at three o'clock, with services conducted by Rev. R. C. Goldsmith, pastor of the Paris Baptist church.

The pall-bearers were John C. Connell, M. H. Davis, Jas. B. Stivers, John Malaney, D. C. Parrish, Jas. M. O'Brien, Dr. W. C. Ussery and J. R. Miller.

Mr. Jacobs was a genial, warm-hearted man, who stood high in the esteem of all who knew him well. He was a man of quiet, unassuming manners, one who made a large circle of friends during his residence here, and who sincerely regret his passing.

BRINDLEY.

—Relatives in this city have received a message announcing the death Sunday, July 20, of Mr. Ben F. Brindley, Jr., aged fifty years, of pneumonia. Mr. Brindley was a son of Ben F. Brindley, Sr., of Brooklyn,

N. Y., formerly of Bourbon county, and besides his father, who is eighty-six years of age, is survived by one sister, Miss Lucy G. Brindley, and three brothers, Fred, Cooper and Elias Brindley. Funeral services were held Tuesday, with burial in Brooklyn. Mr. Brindley was a nephew of Mrs. Mary E. Hibler, of this city, and a cousin of Messrs. Bishop and Harvey Hibler.

CHIPLEY.

—Mrs. Emma J. Chipley, aged sixty-seven, died at the County Infirmary, in this county yesterday morning, after a long illness. The funeral will be held in the Paris Cemetery this afternoon, at two o'clock, with services conducted at the grave by Rev. George R. Combs, pastor of the Paris Methodist church.

Mrs. Chipley is survived by one son, Mr. Rolla Chipley, who is stationed at an army camp in New Jersey, one sister, Mrs. Florence Workman, of Bath county, and one brother, Mr. William Stanfield, of Flemington county.

Ever notice that when you come early to avoid the rush you get into a jam because every one else had the same idea you had?

An Indignation Meeting never gets anywhere because the speaker usually announces that "The time has passed for words," and then emits about 18,000 of them.

MATRIMONIAL.

SHELBY—HANGER.

—Mrs. G. C. Thompson, Jr., of Alabama, who is visiting her mother, Mrs. Mollie James, on Second street, in this city, will go to Danville today to be present at the wedding there on Wednesday of Mr. Harry B. Hanger, Jr., of near Richmond, to Miss Martha Shelby, of Arcadia, near Danville. Mrs. Thompson will be matron of honor at the wedding.

The bride-elect is a handsome young woman, who has frequently been a visitor in Paris. The groom is a prosperous farmer, residing near Richmond, a son of Mr. Harry B. Hanger, of the Mason-Hanger Co., construction and building operators, now engaged on big government contracts in the South and East. The wedding, which will take place at the home of the bride near Danville, on Wednesday afternoon, will be a brilliant social event.

HICKMAN—HARRIS.

—A surprise wedding, which took place in Lexington yesterday morning was that of Mr. Ray Harris and Miss Christine Hickman, both of Paris. Mr. Harris and Miss Hickman, accompanied by Miss Henrietta Detson, of Paris, motored to Lexington, yesterday morning, and after

the necessary legal papers had been secured, went to the Willet Flats, on North Upper street, where they were married at seven o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. W. A. Fortne, of Lexington.

Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Harris left for a short bridal trip to Cincinnati, where they will visit friends a few days. From there they will go to Akron, Ohio, for a visit to the bride's grandmother, Mrs. Eva Dimmitt, formerly of Paris. On their return they will go to house-keeping in a cottage on High street, in this city.

The groom is a prosperous young business man, senior partner in the restaurant and grocery firm of Harris & Dale, on Main street. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Harris, of Walker avenue, and a brother of Mrs. Wm. Dale, of Paris. The bride is one of the city's handsomest young women. Prior to her marriage she had been cashier and bookkeeper for the shoe firm of Friedman & Ashurst. THE NEWS extends congratulations to the happy young people.

WALNUT LOGS WANTED.

In carload lots. For Gun Stocks for U. S. Army rifles. All walnut purchased by this company goes directly into Government work at our mills and factory at Louisville, Ky., and New Albany, Ind. Log dealers and owners of standing timber write us what walnut you can furnish. Address Wood-Mosaic Co., Inc., 700 First National Bank Building, Lexington, Ky. (19-6t)

This Week---the Second Week of the

Shoe Clearance Sale!



Will be the greatest money saving day in



High Grade Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps

Many shoppers have attended this great sale.

FOLLOW THE CROWDS

and take advantage of this great opportunity. ENTIRE STOCK AT PRICES LESS THAN PRESENT WHOLESALE COST.

Ladies' Mahogany Tan Col. Pumps, Louis Heel, Welts, \$4.50 values at... **\$2.99**

Ladies' Patent and Dull Kid Pumps, Louis and Low Heels, \$4.00 values at... **\$2.49**

Ladies' Kid Colonette Pumps, H. & M., and High Boots, Louis and low heel, Turn, \$5.00 values at... **\$3.95**

Ladies' Dull and Pat. Kid Boots and Pumps, broken sizes, \$3.50 and \$4.00 values at... **\$1.49**

Ladies' White Canvas Pumps and High Boots, Louis and low heel, \$3.00 values at... **\$1.99**

Ladies' highest quality and most beautiful Grey, Mahogany, Tan, White and Black Boots, Oxfords and Pumps, Walk-Over and other famous makes, at CLEARANCE SALE PRICES.

Ladies White Canvas Oxfords, Low and Cub. heels, \$2.00 values, at... **\$1.00**

Men's G. M. Eng. Oxfords, best makes, all sizes, \$4.00 values, at... **\$2.99**

Men's Tan and G. M. English Shoes, Walk-Over, all sizes, \$4.50 values at... **\$3.49**

Men's and Boys' G. M. Shoes and Oxfords, \$8.00 values at... **\$1.99**

Men's, Boys', Misses' and Children's White Tennis Oxfords, 75c values, at **49c**

Children's Patent and White Canvas Pumps, \$1.50 values at... **99c**

DAN COHEN

Paris' Greatest Shoe Store

Where Beauty and Economy Reign